FHI 059, Version 13		Issued by: FHI	Date of issue: 12/05/2020
Case No: 2021-0406			Date of visit: 13/10/2021
Time spent on site:	nours	Main Inspecto	r:
Site No: FS1010 Business No: FB0169	Site Name: Business Name:	East Tarbert Bay The Scottish Salmon Company	/
Case Types: 1 DIA 2	3	4 5	6
Water Temp (°C): 13.6	Thermometer No:	T146	FHI 045 completed
Observations:	Region: ST	Water type: S	CoGP MA: M-46
Dead/weak/abnormally behaving Clinical signs of disease observed Gross pathology observed? Diagnostic samples taken?	•	Y If yes, see additional inform	mation/clinical score sheet. mation/clinical score sheet. mation/clinical score sheet.
UNI/REG only - if unable to carry	out intended visit deta	uil reason below:	

Additional Case Information:

All salmon input from Geisgil. Transported in FW. Lump fish input from Ocean Matters and Otterferry,

Morts/site/wk; Wk30 0.32%, Wk31 0.9%, Wk32 1.85%, Wk33 1.07%, Wk34 0.96%, wk35 1.19 %, Wk36 1.3%, Wk37 1.4%, wk38 10.84%, Wk39 20%, Wk40 14.5%, Wk 41 0.95% - part week.

Currently divers are removing about 200 morts/cage/day.

There were a number of mortality disposal methods available for the two sites;

- Billy Bowie- whole in skips to Barkip Biogas (collection docs observed).
- Gogar Energen Bio Gas- to Dunnswood Road, Cumbernauld (collection docs observed).
- They have a new well boat the Buccaness hydrolicer and macerator/ensiler. Can hold 1000 cube of morts, current morts on-board of 200 cube. material ensiled with formic acid. Then it will be pumped off into tankers and used as biofuel but uncertain currently of final destination. The boat was present during our visit.
- · Fergusons boat for mort removal had been used but was not on site during our visit.

Collection docs were available for inspection from Billy Bowie and Gogar. Capacity for mort disposal was in my opinion adequate and staff numbers at the sites were increased to deal with the mortalities with staff being brought in from other areas. Divers were also present at the time of our visit for mortality removal.

Lice; caligus peaked wk37 at 10.37. Increased mortality had prevented treatment and there was evidence on site of lice damage on some fish.

Treatments; Hydrolicer 24/6/21- 2/6/21, FW and salmosan 18/7/21-23/7/21, hydrolicer 4/8-14/8, salmosan 28/8, hydroliced 1/9-4/9, hydrolicer 27/9/-4/10, FW panned 13/10/21.

Health surveillance;

AGD- low level. Most resent sample slight higher but not at levels which would be considered to have caused mortality.

PCV - haematocrit levels. Have fallen in last couple of weeks.

CPK -muscle fatigue for PD- have been low levels showing recovery from infection.

Mortality considered to be due to environmental insult but no jellies observed in water samples. Upwell species were observed.

Morts - normally taken by site boat and skipped at shore base. Divers in daily to remove morts. - numbers of fish on site will be reviewed following a fw well boat treatment.

FHI 059, Version 13			Issu	ed by: FHI			Date of issu	e: 12/05/2020		
Case No:	2021-0406		Site No:	FS1010						
Date of Visit:		13/10/202	1		Inspector(s):			ı		
Registration/Author	orisation De	tails								
1. Business/site det	ails summary	y checked by	site representa	ative?			N	1		
2. Changes made to	details?						N/A			
Site Details (include	de cleaner fi	sh for all sec	tions)							
Total No facilities		12	Facilities sto	ocked	12	No facilitie	es inspected	3		
Species	sal	lumps					T			
Age group	2020 S0									
No Fish	408,113	70,000								
Mean Fish Wt	2.3									
Next Fallow Date (S	Site)	2022 Q2		Next Input Da	ate (Site)	2022 Q3				
Recent (last 4 wks)	disease prob	olems?		Y	Any escapes	(since last	visit)?	N		
If yes, detail:	see addition	nal info								
 Are records comp Are movement re Are records comp Are health certific Transport Records Are any moveme yes, is there a sys 	ecords availal plete and cor cates for intro s nts carried o	ble for dead fi rectly entered ductions (out	sh and waste? ? with GB) availa	able? usiness (not us	-			Y Y Y N/A		
Mortality Records										
1. Mortality records		•						Y		
2. How are mortalities disposed of? Biogas - Barkip										
If other detail:		nal info for fur								
3. Mortality records		d correctly en						Y		
4. Recent mortality	•		see addition	al info						
5. Evidence of recei		* *		,				Y		
If yes, facility nos/no		•								
Across whole site -								l N		
6. Any other peaks	in mortality d	uring period c	necked?					N		
If yes, detail:	upovploiped)	mortalities b	oon roported to	o yet or EUI2				Y		
7. Have increased (If yes, detail action:	unexplained)				on			1		
8. Have 'mortality ev	vents' heen r			nents undertak		neet		Y		
o. Have mortality e	VOING DOON I		II IIO, CIIICI	actails on mor	carry over its si					

Treatments and Medicines Records 1. Recent treatments (see comment)? If yes, detail: If other, detail: 2. Medicines records available for inspection? 3. Are records complete and correctly entered? 4. Are fish in a withdrawal period? 5. If yes, what treatment(s)?
If yes, detail: If other, detail: 2. Medicines records available for inspection? 3. Are records complete and correctly entered? 4. Are fish in a withdrawal period?
If other, detail: 2. Medicines records available for inspection? 3. Are records complete and correctly entered? 4. Are fish in a withdrawal period?
2. Medicines records available for inspection? 3. Are records complete and correctly entered? 4. Are fish in a withdrawal period?
3. Are records complete and correctly entered? 4. Are fish in a withdrawal period?
4. Are fish in a withdrawal period?
If other, detail:
6. Are medicines stored appropriately?
c. The medianes stored appropriately:
Biosecurity Records
Biosecurity records available for inspection?
Has the manner and frequency of mortality removal, recording and safe disposal been considered?
3. Has the manner and period in which the APB will notify Scottish Ministers or veterinary professional of any
increased (unexplained) mortality at the site been included?
4. Has the action that will be taken in the event that the presence or suspicion of the presence of a listed disease
is detected been included and how and when that will be notified to Scottish Ministers?
5. Has the health status of aquaculture animals being stocked on the farm site been covered (equal or higher
health status, certification if required)?
6. Have the husbandry and biosecurity measures implemented between each epidemiological unit to minimise
transmission of disease been covered (movement of staff, visitors, equipment, live or dead fish etc.)?
7. Is documentation available regarding the measures in place to maintain the physical containment of
aquaculture animals held on site?
8. Have the biosecurity procedures been adequately implemented on site?
If no, detail:
Results of Surveillance
Has any animal health surveillance been carried out by, or on behalf of, the business?
2. If yes, are results available for inspection?
3. Any significant results?
If yes, detail (if not detailed under recent disease problems).
Environmental insult - anaemia
Records checked between: 26/5/21- 13/10/21

Г	HI 059, Version 13							issuea	ру: Ені		
	Case no:	2021-04	106	Site No		FS1010)		e of visit/ npling:	13/10/202	21 13/
	Priority samples:	VI		ВА		PA		MG	HI		
	Time sampling starts/ends:		00:00		0:00		Inspecto	r:		VMD No.	0
	Environmental conditions:	1	Indoors	2		3		4	5		
	Summary samples	HIST	Y	ВА	Y	MG	Y	VI	PA	Total	Samples
Α	dd Fish/Pools - click										
	Pool/Fish No	F1	F2	F3	F4	F5	P1				
	Fish nos	1	2	3	4	5	1-5				
	Pool Group	P1	P1	P1	P1	P1					
	Species	SAL	SAL	SAL	SAL	SAL	SAL				
	Average weight	3kg	3kg	3kg	3kg	3kg	3kg				
	Sex										
	Water Type	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW				
Stock Details		Geisgil	7 Geisgil	Geisgil	ص Geisgil	Geisgil	iiesaji 7,9				
U.	,		•	J	•	•	.,0				

10/2021	0/2021 Additional Sample Information:													
	Gill issues sample put in RNA later. Diag PCR put in DNA later.													
6	1	Total To	ests ass	igned	5									
	•					_								

FHI 059, Version 13 Issued by: FHI Date of issue: 12/05/2020

Case no: 2021-0406 Site No: FS1010 Method of killing: Percussive

Case no:	2021-0406		Site N	lo:	FS10	10	Me	ethod of	killing:	Percus	sive
Date of visit:	13/10/202	21	Inspe	ctor(s):				S	heet Re	elevant:	Υ
S for strong preser	nce: M for medium presence: W fo	or weak nr	esence								
Fish Number	ioo iii oo iiioalaan proconoo ii i			2	3	4 5					
	er death (if > 45 minutes)										
External Signs	or accum (in a secondary)										
Behaviour	Moribund	M	М	S	S	S					
	Lethargic	s	S	S	S	S	$\overline{}$				
	Hanging vertical										
	Spiralling										
	Flashing										
	Loss of equilibrium										
Body	Dark			M	M	M					
	Distended abdomen										
	Anorexic					S					
	Scale Oedema										
Opercula	Shortened										
	Flared										
Haemorrhaging	Throat										
	Ventrum										
	Base of fins										
	Elsewhere										
Eyes	Exophthalmic										
	Enophthalmic (sunken)										
	Cataract										
	Haemorrhagic			S	S	S					
Gills	Pale	M	M	W	W	W					
	Zoned										
	Necrotic	W	W								
Lesions	Flank										
	Elsewhere	S			S						
Vent	Inflamed										
	Trailing faeces										
Lice Load	Estimate numbers	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10					
Internal Signs											
Ascites	Clear										
	Bloody		M								
Oedema	In tissues										
Heart	Pale/anaemic		S								
	Granulomas										
	Deformed										
Liver	Petechial haem										
	Gross haem										
	Tissue breakdown										
	Enlarged		4	4	<u> </u>						
	Colour number(s)		1	1	6	6 6					
	Granulomas										
D. J'	Lesions					K/					
Pyloric caeca	Petechial haem					M					
	Tubules mauve										
0	Lack of fat										
Spleen	Enlarged										
Cut	Granulomas	S	S	9	S	S					
Gut	No food present	M	M	S	M S	M					
	Yellow pseudo-faeces	IVI	IVI	141	141	IAI					
	External haem			M							
Pody well	Internal haem			141							
Body wall Swim bladder	Haemorrhaging										
Swiiii biadder	Haemorrhaging Fluid filled										
Kidnov	Fluid filled Swollen										
Kidney											
	Grey Granular										
General	Liquefied Parasites present										
General	Anaemia										
	Allaelilla										

Case no: 2021-0406

Date of visit: 13/10/2021

Date of visit.	13/10/202	<u></u>					
S for strong preser	nce: M for medium presence: W for	W					
Fish Number	· ·						
	er death (if > 45 minutes)						
External Signs							
Behaviour September 1	Moribund						
	Lethargic						
	Hanging vertical						
	Spiralling						
	Flashing						
	Loss of equilibrium						
Body	Dark						
Бойу	Distended abdomen						
	Anorexic						
	Scale Oedema						
Oneroule	Shortened						
Opercula							
l la aus a nuk a siin s	Flared						
Haemorrhaging	Throat						
	Ventrum						
	Base of fins						
F	Elsewhere						
Eyes	Exophthalmic						
	Enophthalmic (sunken)						
	Cataract						
	Haemorrhagic						
Gills	Pale						
	Zoned						
	Necrotic						
Lesions	Flank						
	Elsewhere						
Vent	Inflamed						
	Trailing faeces						
Lice Load	Estimate numbers						
Internal Signs							
Ascites	Clear						
	Bloody						
Oedema	In tissues						
Heart	Pale/anaemic						
	Granulomas						
	Deformed						
Liver	Petechial haem						
	Gross haem						
	Tissue breakdown						
	Enlarged						
	Colour number(s)						
	Granulomas						
	Lesions						
Pyloric caeca	Petechial haem						
	Tubules mauve						
	Lack of fat						
Spleen	Enlarged						
	Granulomas						
Gut	No food present						
	Yellow pseudo-faeces						
	External haem						
	Internal haem						
Body wall	Haemorrhaging						
Swim bladder	Haemorrhaging						
Jiiiii biuuudi	Fluid filled						
Kidney	Swollen						
radicy	Grey						
	Granular						
	Liquefied						
General	Parasites present						
General							
	Anaemia						

Site No: FS1010

Case No: 2021-0406

Nature of non-compliance: Gill issues sample put in RNA later. Diag PCR put in DNA later.

Action taken (FHI): Labs inform

Non-compliance relevant to (delete): VirologyMolGen/Bacteriology/Histology/Parasitology

Case No:	2021 0406			Date of visit:	13/10/202	21		
Case NO.	2021-0406	_		Date of visit:	13/10/202			
Site No:	FS1010	٦		Inspector:				
Results Summary	Freq.				te of Notific			
		Database I	Insp	Phone	Insp	Writing	Insp	2 nd Insp
MG_AGDQ	5/5	22/10/2021		22/10/2021		13/12/202	1	
MG_Para_Thera	5/5	22/10/2021		22/10/2021		13/12/202	1	
MG_SAL_POX	5/5	22/10/2021		22/10/2021		13/12/202		
VSPE - 3 isolates	2/5	17/11/2021		01/12/2021		13/12/202	1	
AMGD	1/5	17/11/2021		01/12/2021		13/12/202	1	
CGDH	5/5	17/11/2021		01/12/2021		13/12/202	1	
EPIT	1/5	17/11/2021		01/12/2021		13/12/202	1	
LPAT	4/5	17/11/2021		01/12/2021		13/12/202	1	
MPAT	3/5	17/11/2021		01/12/2021		13/12/202	1	
SULC	2/5	17/11/2021		01/12/2021		13/12/202	1	
ISA	0/1	13/12/2021				13/12/202	1	
VHS	o/1	03/12/2021				13/12/202	1	
IHN	0/1	03/12/2021				13/12/202	1	
IPN	1/1	03/12/2021				13/12/202	1	
SAV	0/1	03/12/2021				13/12/202	1	
	1							
Report Summary								
Case Type	Date	Insp 2	2 nd Insp					
Diag	13/12/202	21						





FISH HEALTH INSPECTORATE VISIT REPORT

SUMMARY FOR INFORMATION OF SITE OPERATOR

Business No FB0169

Site No FS1010

Date of Visit 13/10/2021

Site Name East Tarbert Bay

Case No 20210406 Inspector

Section 1: Summary

East Tarbert Bay was visited for a diagnostic health inspection following reports of significant mortality at the site. Five moribund fish were removed for diagnostic examination.

Histopathology examination revealed mild multifactorial proliferative branchitis. Pathology was also consistent with amoebic gill disease confirmed by PCR positive result for *Neoparamoeba perurans* and epithelyocists were also present. F1 and F5 displayed absence of pancreatic acinar cell and F4 exhibited a mild myositis; possibly associated with salmon alpha virus (SAV).

Due to gill health issues observed on site, samples were screened for salmon gill poxvirus (SPGV) and *Paranucleospora theridion* (syn. *Desmozoon lepeophtherii*) by qPCR and tested positive for both pathogens.

Vibrio spp. were identified, the level and purity would not suggest it would be implicated as a primary fish pathogen in this case.

Please contact myself or the duty inspector should you require any further information, have any queries regarding this report or if any problems develop.

Section 2: Case Detail

Observations

East Tarbert Bay was visited following reports of significantly increase dmortalities starting in August 2021 and peaking at 20% mortality (120,580 fish) for the site in the week beginning 27/09/21. Mortalities have been attributed to environmental and gill health related issues. On inspection moribund fish were observed in the pens and five were removed to diagnostic examination. Externally fish 3 to 5 were dark and had haemorrhaging in the eyes. All five fish exhibited pale ragged gills and fish 1 and 2 had necrotic gills. Lice numbers were in excess of 10, all stages on all the fish. Fish 1 and 4 had head lesions. Internally fish 5 had petechial haemorrhaging on the pyloric caeca. Fish 2 had bloody ascites within the body cavity and a pale heart. Fish 3 had internal haemorrhaging of the gut.

Samples

Samples were collected from five fish according to the table below:

Fish number	Pool number	Facility number	Species	Stage	Origin
1 & 2	1	7	Atlantic salmon	2020 S0 @ 3 Kg	Geasgill
3-5	1	9	Atlantic salmon	2020 S0 @ 3 Kg	Geasgill

Results

Bacteriology: Kidney, gill and lesion material from five fish was inoculated onto appropriate media for the isolation of bacteria.

The following bacterium was isolated:

- Vibrio sp. (isolate A) F5 (kidney), F4 (lesion)
- Vibrio sp. (isolate B) F1 & F4 (lesion)
- Vibrio sp. (isolate C) –F1 & F4 (lesion)

Virology: Tissue samples were tested for segments of nucleic acid indicative of the presence of the pathogens specified below using real-time PCR (qPCR).

Salmon gill poxvirus (SGPV)

Fish Number	Endogenous control Cp value		Cp Values		Reported Result (PCR)
F1	18.93	23.58	23.76	23.68	POSITIVE
F2	18.84	22.71	22.79	22.82	POSITIVE
F3	18.23	22.3	22.28	22.3	POSITIVE
F4	19.01	23.28	23.26	23.3	POSITIVE
F5	18.65	26.79	26.76	26.68	POSITIVE

Samples were screened for the presence of infectious haematopoietic necrosis virus (IHNV), infectious salmon anaemia virus (ISAV), infectious pancreatic necrosis virus (IPNV), salmonid alphavirus (SAV) and viral haemorrhagic septicemia virus (VHSV) by cell culture.

The samples tested positive for infectious pancreatic necrosis virus (IPNV) by cell culture. PCR and sequencing were performed to determine virulence motif. The IPNV is of low-moderate virulence.

The test results for the other pathogens were negative.

Parasitology:

Tissue samples were tested for segments of nucleic acid indicative of the presence of the parasites specified below using real-time PCR (qPCR).

Neoparamoeba perurans (AGD)

Fish Number	Endogenous control Cp value		Cp Values		Reported Result (PCR)
F1	18.93	29.32	29.32	29.4	POSITIV E

F2	18.84	27.28	28.79	28.53	POSITIVE
F3	18.23	27	27	27.02	POSITIVE
F4	19.01	29.83	29.04	28.61	POSITIVE
F5	18.65	26.13	26.09	26.13	POSITIVE

Paranucleospora theridion

Fish Number	Endogenous control Cp value	Cp Values			Reported Result (PCR)
F1	18.93	24.36	24.39	24.31	POSITIVE
F 2	18.84	22.84	22.88	22.88	POSITIVE
F3	18.23	29.69	29.45	29.73	POSITIVE
F4	19.01	24.79	24.76	24.66	POSITIVE
F 5	18.65	24.02	24.17	24.16	POSITIVE

Histology: Tissue samples of gill, skin and skeletal muscle, heart, pyloric caeca, pancreas, hind gut, liver, spleen and kidney were taken from five fish. The tissue samples were fixed in 10% neutral buffered formalin.

Histopathological examination revealed the following:

<u>Gill:</u> Minimal to mild multifocal hyperplasia and lamellar fusion, some lacunae (some filled with cell debris) observed on the hyperplastic plaques (F2, F3 & F5). F1 displayed some gill filament bluntness. Few amoeboid cells resembling *Neoparamoeba perurans* (F5) and basophilic epithelial inclusions (likely epitheliocystis) (F2). Several thrombi in the lamellar vessels noted in all fish. F4 displayed autolytic artefacts which hindered the reading.

<u>Skin & Muscle:</u> Absence of epidermal and dermal layer, inflammatory cell infiltration (mainly mononuclear cells) observed in the hypodermis (F1 & F4). F3 displayed mild degeneration of the skeletal red muscle and inflammatory cell infiltration.

Heart: Within normal range.

Gut and pyloric caeca: Within normal range.

Pancreas: Absence of pancreatic acinar cells (F1 & F5).

<u>Liver:</u> Several clusters of hepatocyte displayed pyknotic nuclei (F1). Mild multifocal hepatic necrosis (F2), small area of hepatocyte vacuolation (F5 & F4).

Kidney: some reduction of the haematopoietic tissue (F5).

Spleen: Within normal range.

Signed:

Fish Health Inspector

The Fish Health Inspectorate Service Charter detailing standards of service is available on the Marine Scotland website at https://www.gov.scot/publications/fish-health-inspectorate-service-charter/

Date: 13/12/2021

















