FHI 059, Version 13		Issued by: FHI	Date of issue: 12/05/2020
Case No: 2022-0446			Date of visit: 19/10/2022
Time spent on site:	5hours	Main Inspecto	r:
Site No: FS1256 Business No: FB0169	Site Name: Business Name:	Plocrapol The Scottish Salmon Company	/
Case Types: 1 REP 2	DIA 3	4 5	6
Water Temp (°C): 12.05	Thermometer No:	T308	FHI 045 completed
Observations:	Region: WI	Water type: S	CoGP MA: W-8
Dead/weak/abnormally behaving Clinical signs of disease observed Gross pathology observed? Diagnostic samples taken?	•	Y If yes, see additional infor	mation/clinical score sheet. mation/clinical score sheet. mation/clinical score sheet.
UNI/REG only - if unable to carry	out intended visit deta	il reason below:	

Additional Case Information:

Site has been reporting mortalities for ~6 weeks. First reports of mortality above 1% were attributed to bacterial disease, with 2 pens testing positive for Furunculosis. Gill health and anaemia became primary cause of mortality on site second week, with freshwater treatments scheduled to aid gills. Last treatment on site was extended 3hr FW treatment.

Pasturella and Furunculosis confirmed by internal diagnostic sampling on 19/09 and 18/08 respectively. In addition, low level CMS also found. Pen 6 has highest mortality. During site inspection, few fish seen with open lesions. No fish that did possess open furuncle like lesions were sampled as they were not able to be caught.

Gills observed during site sampling inspection were found to be in poor condition and clearly anaemia was present in sampled fish too. Feeding rates on site were low across the board. Lice burden was observed to be low on site.

All fish sampled were lethargic with all being moribund also.

Lumpfish losses as below from Wk 7 2022: Wk41, 9159, 99.71% (black losses)* Wk31,1231,10.75% (Mechanical treatment and black losses) Wk30, 1335, 10.44% (Mechanical treatment related) Wk18, 2669,13.04% (FW treatment related)

No wrasse or lumpfish on site during site inspection on the 19/10/2022.

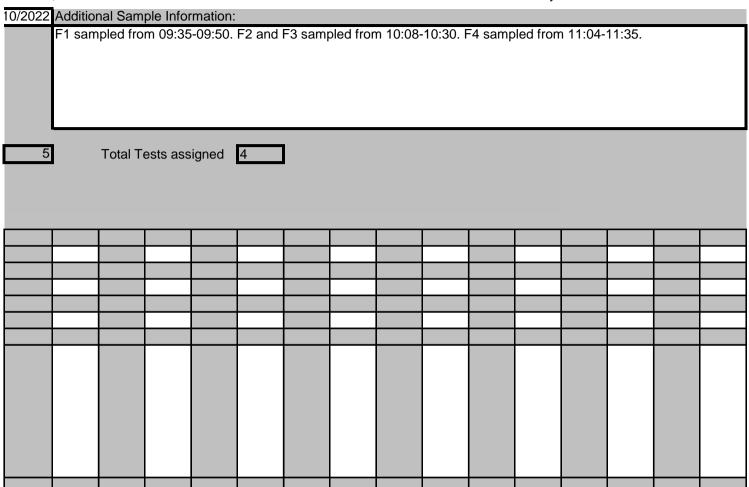
*Cause of mortality was amended following discussions with the business. Initially cause was recorded as FW treatment losses but corrected to black losses on 06/07/2023. The black losses were observed at the time of a freshwater treatment, where fewer than expected number of lumpfish were observed, rather than the losses being directly associated with the FW treatment conducted.

FHI 059, Version 13			Issued by: FHI Date				Date of issu	Date of issue: 12/05/2020	
Case No:	2022-0446]	Site No:	FS125	6				
Date of Visit:		19/10/2022	1		Inspector(s)	:			
Registration/Autho	risation Deta	ails							
1. Business/site deta			ite representa	ative?			Y		
2. Changes made to							Υ		
Site Details (includ	e cleaner fis	h for all sect	ions)						
Total No facilities		10	Facilities sto	cked	7	No facilitie	es inspected	10	
Species	SAL			T					
Age group	Q1 2021								
No Fish	215,807			-					
Mean Fish Wt	2.5kg								
Next Fallow Date (S		late Q1 or Q2	2 2023	Next Input D	Date (Site)	June 2023	,		
Recent (last 4 wks)					Y Any escapes			N	
If yes, detail:			, PGD, CMS,						
,									
Movement Records	S								
1. Movement record	s available fo	r inspection?						Y	
2. Date of last inspe							16/02/2022		
3. Are records comp		ectly entered?	?					Y	
4. Are movement re		•		,				Y	
5. Are records comp	lete and corr	ectly entered?	?					Y	
6. Are health certific				able?				N/A	
Transport Records									
1. Are any movemen	nts carried ou	t by (or on be	half) of the bu	usiness (not u	sing a STB)?				
If yes, is there a sys		7 7			-				
Mortality Records									
1. Mortality records	available for i	nspection?						Y	
2. How are mortalities	es disposed o	f?			Other (detai	l)			
If other detail:		Whiteshore C	Cockles			,			
3. Mortality records								Y	
	,		2022: Wk41	. 7040. 3.18%	6; Wk40, 1038	3. 2.94%: W	K39, 27747, (6.85%:	
4. Recent mortality (last 4 wks):		Wk38, 3993		,, ,	0, 2.0	100,	J.CC 75,	
5. Evidence of recer		typical mortal		_,				N	
If yes, facility nos/no		* *		/reason:					
,	, ,								
6. Any other peaks i	n mortality du	ring period ch	necked?					Y	
		<u> </u>		712. 4.18%: V	Vk35, 14053, 2	2 64%; Wk3;	3 10627, 1.9	4%: Wk32.	
If yes, detail:	5851, 1.06%		70, TTROO, 211		11.00, 11.000, 1	2.0 170, 1710	, 10021, 110	.,o,o <u>_</u> ,	
7. Have increased (en reported to	vet or FHI?				N/A	
If yes, detail action:	, ,								
8. Have 'mortality ev	ents' been re	ported to FHI	? If no. enter	details on mo	rtality events s	sheet.		Y	

700, 4014	
If other, detail:	
2. Medicines records available for inspection?	Y
3. Are records complete and correctly entered?	Y
4. Are fish in a withdrawal period?	N
5. If yes, what treatment(s)?	
If other, detail:	
6. Are medicines stored appropriately?	Y
Biosecurity Records	
Biosecurity records available for inspection?	
2. Has the manner and frequency of mortality removal, recording and safe disposal been considered?	
3. Has the manner and period in which the APB will notify Scottish Ministers or veterinary professional of any	
increased (unexplained) mortality at the site been included?	
4. Has the action that will be taken in the event that the presence or suspicion of the presence of a listed disease	
is detected been included and how and when that will be notified to Scottish Ministers?	
5. Has the health status of aquaculture animals being stocked on the farm site been covered (equal or higher	
health status, certification if required)?	
6. Have the husbandry and biosecurity measures implemented between each epidemiological unit to minimise	
transmission of disease been covered (movement of staff, visitors, equipment, live or dead fish etc.)?	
7. Is documentation available regarding the measures in place to maintain the physical containment of	
aquaculture animals held on site?	
8. Have the biosecurity procedures been adequately implemented on site?	
If no, detail:	
Results of Surveillance	
1. Has any animal health surveillance been carried out by, or on behalf of, the business?	Y
2. If yes, are results available for inspection?	Y
3. Any significant results?	Y
AGD, PGD, CMS, Pasturella skyensis	,
If yes, detail (if not detailed under recent disease problems).	
18/8/2022 positive for Aeromonas salmonicida spp, PRV, AGD, PGD. 19/9/2022 positive for PRV and Pasteurella	skyensis
Departs shocked between 16/02/2022 10/10/2022	

Records checked between: 16/02/2022-19/10/2022

Г	ai 059, version 15							155	sueu by.	ГП			
	Case no:	2022-04	146	Site No:		FS1256			Date of Samplin		19/1	0/2022	19/1
	Priority samples:	VI		ВА		PA		MG		g. HI			
	Time sampling starts/ends:	09:3	5:00	11:3	5:00		Inspecto	or:			VMD No). [
	Environmental conditions:	1	Windy	2	Sunny	3		4		5			
	Summary samples	HIST	Y	ВА	Y	MG	Y	VI		PA		Total Sa	mples
A	dd Fish/Pools - click												
	Pool/Fish No	F1	F2	F3	F4	F5							
	Fish nos	1	2	3	4	5							
	Pool Group												
	Species	SAL	SAL	SAL	SAL	SAL							
	Average weight	2.7kg	2.7kg	2.7kg	2.7kg	2.7kg							
	Sex	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A							
	Water Type	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW							
Details		Geocrab Hatchery (FS0562)											
		90c 806	90c 806	90c 806	90s	eoc S08							
Stock	Stock Origin												
Ċ,	Facility No	3	5	5	6	6							



FHI 059, Version 13 Issued by: FHI Date of issue: 12/05/2020 Method of killing: Anaesthetic Case no: FS1256 2022-0446 Site No: Inspector(s): Sheet Relevant: Y Date of visit: 19/10/2022 S for strong presence: M for medium presence: W for weak presence Fish Number Time sampled after death (if > 45 minutes) External Signs M Behaviour Moribund S S Lethargic S Hanging vertical Spiralling Flashing Loss of equilibrium Body Dark Distended abdomen Anorexic Scale Oedema Opercula Shortened Flared Haemorrhaging **Throat** Ventrum Base of fins Elsewhere Exophthalmic Eyes Enophthalmic (sunken) Cataract Haemorrhagic Gills М S S Zoned Necrotic Lesions Flank Elsewhere W Vent Inflamed Trailing faeces Estimate numbers 0 0 0 0 0 Lice Load Internal Signs **Ascites** Clear **Bloody** Oedema In tissues W W W W Heart Pale/anaemic Granulomas Deformed Liver Petechial haem Gross haem Tissue breakdown Enlarged Colour number(s) Granulomas Lesions Petechial haem Pyloric caeca Tubules mauve Lack of fat M M M М M Spleen **Enlarged** Granulomas Gut No food present S Yellow pseudo-faeces External haem Internal haem Body wall Haemorrhaging Haemorrhaging W Swim bladder Fluid filled Kidney Swollen Grey Granular Liquefied Parasites present General Anaemia

Case no: 2022-0446

Date of visit: 19/10/2022

Date of visit:	19/10/2022						
S for strong preser	nce: M for medium presence: W for	^					
Fish Number	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
	er death (if > 45 minutes)						
External Signs	,						
Behaviour	Moribund						
	Lethargic						
	Hanging vertical						
	Spiralling						
	Flashing						
	Loss of equilibrium						
Body	Dark						
	Distended abdomen						
	Anorexic						
	Scale Oedema						
Opercula	Shortened						
	Flared						
Haemorrhaging	Throat						
	Ventrum Rece of fine						
	Base of fins						
Eves	Elsewhere Exophthalmic						
Eyes	Enophthalmic (sunken)						
	Cataract						
	Haemorrhagic						
Gills	Pale						
Ollis	Zoned						
	Necrotic						
Lesions	Flank						
	Elsewhere						
Vent	Inflamed						
	Trailing faeces						
Lice Load	Estimate numbers						
Internal Signs							
Ascites	Clear						
	Bloody						
Oedema	In tissues						
Heart	Pale/anaemic						
	Granulomas						
	Deformed						
Liver	Petechial haem						
	Gross haem						
	Tissue breakdown						
	Enlarged						
	Colour number(s)						
	Granulomas						
Dularic sass	Lesions						
Pyloric caeca	Petechial haem						
	Tubules mauve						
Sploor	Lack of fat Enlarged						
Spleen	Granulomas						
Gut	No food present						
Out	Yellow pseudo-faeces						
	External haem						
	Internal haem						
Body wall	Haemorrhaging						
Swim bladder	Haemorrhaging						
	Fluid filled						
Kidney	Swollen						
,	Grey						
	Granular						
	Liquefied						
General	Parasites present						
	Anaemia						

I

Site No: FS1256

Case No: 2022-0446

Nature of non-compliance:
Action taken (FHI):
Non-compliance relevant to (delete): VirologyMolGen/Bacteriology/Histology/Parasitology

Case No: 2022-0446 Date of visit: 19/10/2022 Site No: FS1256 Inspector: Results Summary Freq. Date of Notification Writing 2nd Insp Database Insp Phone Insp Insp MG_VHS 0/5 08/11/2022 26/10/2022 26/10/2022 0/5 08/11/2022 MG IHNQ 26/10/2022 26/10/2022 08/11/2022 MG IPN 0/5 26/10/2022 26/10/2022 26/10/2022 08/11/2022 MG_ISA 0/5 26/10/2022 08/11/2022 MG_PARA_TER_Q 4/5 26/10/2022 26/10/2022 08/11/2022 MG_PMCV 0/5 26/10/2022 26/10/2022 MG_PRV 5/5 26/10/2022 26/10/2022 08/11/2022 MG_SAL_POX 5/5 26/10/2022 08/11/2022 26/10/2022 0/5 08/11/2022 MG_SAV 26/10/2022 26/10/2022 1/5 08/11/2022 MG_AGDQ 26/10/2022 26/10/2022 ASAL 1/5 04/11/2022 04/11/2022 08/11/2022 08/11/2022 **FURH** 1/5 03/11/2022 04/11/2022 **GPAT** 08/11/2022 1/5 03/11/2022 04/11/2022 LPAT 4/5 04/11/2022 08/11/2022 03/11/2022 08/11/2022 **KPAT** 5/5 04/11/2022 04/11/2022 08/11/2022 **SPAT** 4/5 03/11/2022 04/11/2022 PAST 4/5 03/11/2022 04/11/2022 08/11/2022 08/11/2022 **PASS** 4/5 04/11/2022 04/11/2022 Report Summary Case Type Date Insp 2nd Insp REP, DIAG 08/11/2022





FISH HEALTH INSPECTORATE VISIT REPORT

SUMMARY FOR INFORMATION OF SITE OPERATOR

 Business No
 FB0169
 Date of Visit
 19/10/2022

 Site No
 FS1256
 Site Name
 Plocrapol

 Case No
 20220446
 Inspector

Section 1: Summary

The above site was inspected following reports of increased mortality by the farm operator. During the physical inspection of all pens, five fish were removed for diagnostic sampling.

Histopathology examination revealed pathology consistent with *Pasteruella* sp. *Pasteurella skyensis* was confirmed on site signs consistent with the bacterium were observed by histology examination, samples were tested for the presence of *P. skyensis* by qPCR and were positive. In addition, one fish was observed to display features consistent with *Aeromonas salmonicida*. In addition, *Aeromonas* sp. was identified on plates taken from kidney material of F3. The level and purity of growth would suggest that it would be implicated as a primary pathogen of this individual fish. However, there is no evidence from the samples provided that it would be implicated in morbidity overall. Lastly, mild, multifocal hepatic and necrotizing splenitis.

One fish tested positive for amoebic gill disease (*Neoparamoeba perurans*) by qPCR. In addition, four fish tested positive for *Paranucleospora theridion*. All fish sampled tested positive for salmon gill pox virus and piscine reovirus by a qPCR.

Please contact myself or the duty inspector should you require any further information, have any queries regarding this report or if any problems develop.

Section 2: Case Detail

Observations

Following, 6 weeks of notifications of increased mortality above the reporting threshold, a site inspection was conducted. On the day of the inspection, it was confirmed via internal health reports that *Pasteurella skyensis*, cardiomyopathy syndrome and furunculosis were present on site. Few fish were observed with open lesions, however, many fish were observed to be lethargic. On inspection, gills were observed to be in poor condition and in some cases extremely pale with clear anaemia present. Pen 6 was found to be the pen with the most lethargic fish and had experienced the highest mortality on site since issues began. Minimal lice numbers were observed on sampled fish.

All sampled fish were lethargic and moribund. Gills of four fish were zoned and pale. Internally, yellow pseudofaeces was present in the hind gut of all fish sampled.

Samples

Samples were collected from five fish according to the table below:

Fish number	Facility number	Species	Stage	Origin
1	3	Atlantic Salmon	2.7kg 2021 Q1	Geocrab Hatchery (FS0562)
2-3	5	Atlantic Salmon	2.7kg 2021 Q1	Geocrab Hatchery (FS0562)
4-5	6	Atlantic Salmon	2.7kg 2021 Q1	Geocrab Hatchery (FS0562)

Results

Bacteriology: Kidney and gill F1 to F5 inoculated onto appropriate media for the isolation of bacteria.

The following bacteria was isolated from kidney material in F3:

• Aeromonas salmonicida

From the tests conducted, we do not have evidence of resistance to oxytetracycline and florfenicol.

We have evidence which may indicate resistance to amoxycillin and sulphamethoxazole.

In addition, another bacteria was identified from kidney material and by qPCR:

Pasteurella skyensis

Fish Number	Endogenous control Cp value		Reported Result (PCR)		
F1	23.46	28.3	28.92	28.92	POSITIVE
F2	23.93	24.99	25.49	25.5	POSITIVE
F3	-	-	-	-	NO_RESULT
F4	23.43	25.42	25.37	25.65	POSITIVE
F5	24.81	27.81	27.82	27.75	POSITIVE

Virology: Tissue samples were tested for segments of nucleic acid indicative of the presence of the pathogens specified below using real-time PCR (qPCR).

Salmon gill pox virus

Fish Number	Endogenous control Cp value	Cp Values			Reported Result (PCR)
F1	19.75	39.61	39.6	36.73	POSITIVE
F2	21.47	37.97	36.47	36.07	POSITIVE
F3	20.08	26.42	26.53	27.17	POSITIVE

F4	20.45	27.13	27.37	27.24	POSITIVE
F5	20.55	30.43	30.33	30.6	POSITIVE

Piscine reovirus (PRV)

Fish Number	Endogenous control Cp value		Reported Result (PCR)		
F1	18.17	33.79	33.15	34.06	POSITIVE
F2	18.02	31.67	31.99	31.47	POSITIVE
F3	18.07	28.62	28.63	28.51	POSITIVE
F4	17.27	32.07	31.69	31.73	POSITIVE
F5	18.28	32.19	31.96	32.05	POSITIVE

The samples tested negative for infectious haematopoietic necrosis virus (IHNV), infectious pancreatic necrosis virus (IPNV), infectious salmon anaemia virus (ISAV), salmonid alphavirus (SAV), viral haemorrhagic septicemia virus (VHSV) and piscine myocarditis virus (PMCV).

Parasitology: Tissue samples were tested for segments of nucleic acid indicative of the presence of the parasites specified below using real-time PCR (qPCR).

Neoparamoeba perurans (AGD)

Fish Number	Endogenous control Cp value		Reported Result (PCR)		
F1	-	-	-	-	NEGATIVE
F2	-	-	-	-	NEGATIVE
F3	20.08	34.21	33.94	32.96	POSITIVE
F4	-	-	-	-	NEGATIVE
F5	-	-	-	-	NEGATIVE

Paranucelospora theridion

Fish Number	Endogenous control Cp value	Cp Values			Reported Result (PCR)
F1	19.75	35.32	35.37	34.98	POSITIVE
F2	-	-	-	-	NEGATIVE
F3	20.08	30.51	30.38	30.73	POSITIVE
F4	20.45	30.88	28.68	30.98	POSITIVE
F5	20.55	33.25	33.25	33.05	POSITIVE

Histology: Tissue samples of gill, skin and skeletal muscle, heart, pyloric caeca, hind gut, liver, spleen, pancreas and kidney were taken from five fish. The tissue samples were fixed in 10% neutral buffered formalin.

Histopathological examination revealed the following:

Gill: Filament hyperplasia and lamellar fusion and adhesions, mild, multifocal (F3). Some bluntness of gill filament tips and presence of several dense aggregates of Gram-negative bacteria (F3).

Occasional basophilic epithelial inclusions (likely epithelicystis) (F3). Lamellar telangiectasia with multifocal thrombosis in all fish.

Skin and Muscle: within normal range.

Heart: F3 displayed several small dense aggregates of Gram-negative bacteria in the two chambers and one foci fibre necrosis. Mild cellular infiltration (F2, F4 and F5).

Gut and pyloric caeca: Very mild peritonitis (F3).

Pancreas: within normal range.

Liver: Hepatocellular necrosis, mild, multifocal (F3, F5). Infiltration of mononuclear cells in the vasculature and sinusoids (F1, F4). Some cuffing (F5). Some mild, diffuse hepatocellular vacuolation (macrovisicules) (F1).

Kidney: Some, multifocal interstitial cell (haemopoietic) necrosis (F2, F3, F4). Presence of dense aggregates of Gram-negative bacteria surrounded by interstitial cell (haemopoietic) necrosis and pustule-like structure (F3). F1-F2 and F4-F5 displayed Gram-negative bacteria in the glomeruli.

Spleen: Cellular necrosis, mild, multifocal (F2, F5), some cuffing and presence of inflammatory cells, some resembling giant cells (F1, F4).

Fish Health Inspector

Signed:

The Fish Health Inspectorate Service Charter detailing standards of service is available on the Marine Scotland website at https://www.gov.scot/publications/fish-health-inspectorate-service-charter/

Date: 08/11/2022

Plocrapol Diagnostic Sample Pictures (20220446):



Figure 1 An overview of the condition of Fish 1.



Figure 2 Gills of Fish 1



Figure 3 Internal overview of Fish 1.



Figure 4 External view of a) Fish 2 and b) Fish 3

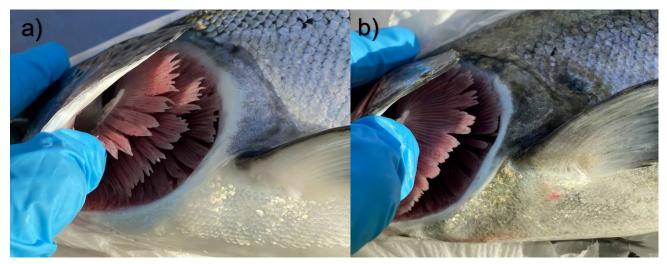


Figure 5 View of gills of a) Fish 2 and b) Fish 3



Figure 6 Internal view of Fish 2



Figure 7 Internal view of Fish 3.



Figure 8 Overview of the conditions of a) Fish 4 and b) Fish 5

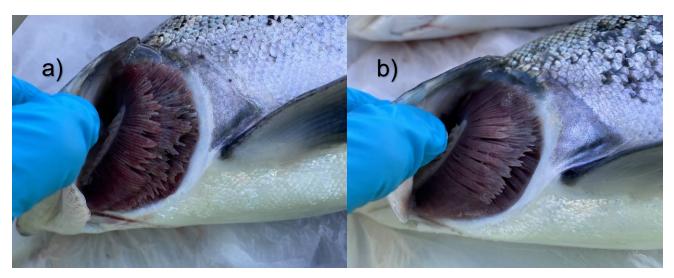


Figure 9 View of gills of a) Fish 4 and b) Fish 5



Figure 11 Internal view of Fish 4.

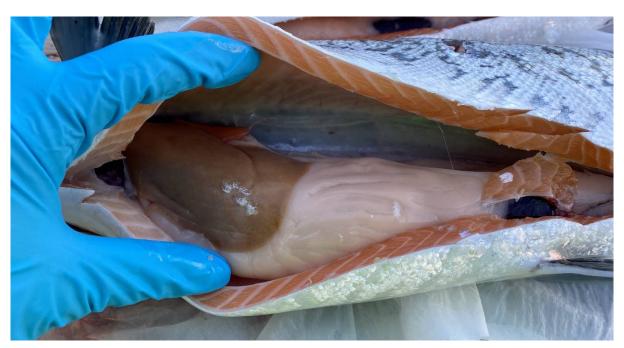


Figure 10 Internal view of Fish 5