FHI 059, Version 13		Issued by: FHI	Date of issue: 12/05/2020			
Case No: 2023-0355			Date of visit: 09/08/2023			
Time spent on site: 4	Hours	Main	Inspector:			
Site No: FS1274 Business No: FB0125	Site Name: Business Name:	Kishorn West Scottish Sea Farms Lt	rd			
Case Types: 1 DIA 2	REP 3	4 5	6			
Water Temp (°C): 13.9	Thermometer No:	Site	FHI 045 completed N/A			
Observations:	Region: HI	Water type: S	CoGP MA: M-19			
Dead/weak/abnormally behaving fish present? Clinical signs of disease observed? Gross pathology observed? Diagnostic samples taken? Y If yes, see additional information/clinical score sheet. Y If yes, see additional information/clinical score sheet. Y If yes, see additional information/clinical score sheet. Y						
UNI/REG only - if unable to carry	out intended visit deta	nil reason below:				

Additional Case Information:

Site inspected in a calm sea state, sun with little cloud cover which allowed for good clear visibility of the stocks.

From the physical inspection of the site, a large population in each pen was observed shoaling and moving actively. There were approximately a dozen to two dozen lethargic / moribund fish observed in each pen. 5 fish displaying clinical signs of disease were removed for diagnostic sampling. The gills of all 5 fish were very pale and anaemic, indicative of a recent environmental insult, internally the fish appeared healthy, with no clear signs of disease observed.

The site is currently using both wrasse and lumpfish, both species were observed during the inspection with both stocks appearing healthy. No clinical signs of disease were observed across the site in either of the two cleaner fish stocks. Lumpfish are from Bantry (Ireland) and Wrasse are wild caught from Scotland.

In week 26 the site identified a large increase in numbers of micro jelly fish (Obelia) whilst conducting routine plankton checks which resulted in acute gill damage leading to an initial spike in mortality in week 26. The levels of mortality reduced in wk 27 following a reduction in plankton levels that week however mortality began to spike again in week 28 to present as a large population have developed very pale gills (anaemia from blood loss) following the initial insult which is causing on-going higher mortality. Plankton levels are currently low. In recent weeks the site have been conducing targeted harvest to reduce biomass, the site is now planning to fallow by the end of this month as mortality is still elevated and on-going.

Site thermometer used to record water temperature as T309 was faulty.

18/07/2023 - 3/6 fish sampled tested positive for pasturella, 6/6 positive for AGD.

Cleanerfish mortality: Wrasse - Week 28 to Week 31 was 0.41% (60 fish). Cleanerfish mortality: Lumpfish - Week 28 to Week 31 was 0.54% (139 fish)

FHI 059, Version 13	3		Issu	ied by: FHI			Date of issu	ıe: 12/05/2020
Case No:	2023-0355		Site No:	FS1274				
Date of Visit:		09/08/202	23		Inspector(s)	:		
Registration/Author	orisation Deta	nils						
1. Business/site det			site representa	ative?			Υ	7
2. Changes made to	o details?						N]
Site Details (includ	de cleaner fis	h for all se	ctions)					
Total No facilities		10	Facilities sto	ocked	8	No facilitie	es inspected	10
Species	SAL	LUM	WRS				Ī	
Age group	2023	2023	2023					
No Fish	170,668	33,800	13,200					
Mean Fish Wt	4.4kg	120g	150g					
Next Fallow Date (S		August 20		Next Input Da	ate (Site)	Decembe	r 2023	•
Recent (last 4 wks)	disease probl	ems?		Y	Any escape	s (since last	visit)?	N
If yes, detail:	See addition	al info						
 Are records com Are movement re Are records com Are health certific Transport Records Are any movement yes, is there a system 	ecords availab plete and correcates for introd s ents carried ou	e for dead ectly entere luctions (ou	fish and waste? d? itwith GB) available	able? usiness (not us	-			Y
Mortality Records	11-11-1- 6 1	0						V
Mortality records How are mortality					Other (detai	1\		'
How are mortaliti If other detail:					Other (detail	1)		
3. Mortality records	Whole fish -		ntered?					
3. Mortality records	complete and	correctly e		9,557, 9.4%), V	Veek 30 (18.	883. 7.2%). '	Week 29 (10.	.605. 3.9%)
4. Recent mortality	(last 4 wks):		•	nal info for clea	,		` '	,
5. Evidence of rece	nt increased/a	typical mor	talities?			•		Y
If yes, facility nos/no	o mortality per	facility/no s	stock per facility	//reason:				
Mortality across site	e is evenly spre	ead.						
6. Any other peaks	in mortality du	ring period	checked?					N
If yes, detail:		, 10.0		. =:::::				N1/A
7. Have increased (•	mortalities b	been reported to	o vet or FHI?				N/A
If yes, detail action:		norted to El	LIO If no anter	dotoilo an mar	tolitu overste e	hoot		
Have 'mortality e'	vents been re	ported to Fi	ni? II no. enter	uetails on mor	iailiv events s	neet.		T T

Treatments and Medicines Records							
1. Recent treatments (see comment)?							
If yes, detail: Benzocaine							
If other, detail: N/a							
2. Medicines records available for inspection?							
3. Are records complete and correctly entered?							
4. Are fish in a withdrawal period?							
5. If yes, what treatment(s)? Benzocaine							
If other, detail: N/a							
6. Are medicines stored appropriately?							
Biosecurity Records							
Biosecurity records available for inspection?							
2. Has the manner and frequency of mortality removal, recording and safe disposal been considered?							
. Has the manner and period in which the APB will notify Scottish Ministers or veterinary professional of any							
increased (unexplained) mortality at the site been included?							
4. Has the action that will be taken in the event that the presence or suspicion of the presence of a listed disease							
is detected been included and how and when that will be notified to Scottish Ministers?							
5. Has the health status of aquaculture animals being stocked on the farm site been covered (equal or higher							
health status, certification if required)?							
6. Have the husbandry and biosecurity measures implemented between each epidemiological unit to minimise							
transmission of disease been covered (movement of staff, visitors, equipment, live or dead fish etc.)?							
7. Is documentation available regarding the measures in place to maintain the physical containment of							
aquaculture animals held on site?							
8. Have the biosecurity procedures been adequately implemented on site?							
If no, detail:							
Results of Surveillance							
1. Has any animal health surveillance been carried out by, or on behalf of, the business?							
2. If yes, are results available for inspection?							
3. Any significant results?							
If yes, detail (if not detailed under recent disease problems). See additional info							
Records checked between: 17/07/23 - 09/08/23							

П	ai 059, version 15							155	ueu by. Fni				
	Case no:	2023-03	355	Site No:		FS1274			Date of visit Sampling:	/	09/08	8/2023	09/0
	Priority samples:	VI		ВА		PA		MG	Sampling.	ні			
	Time sampling starts/ends:		5:00		5:00		Inspecto	or:			VMD No.		0
	Environmental conditions:	1	Dry	2	Sunny	3		4		5	ш		
	Summary samples	HIST	Y	ВА	Y	MG	Y	VI		РΑ	Т	Total Sai	mples
A	dd Fish/Pools - click												
	Pool/Fish No	F1	F2	F3	F4	F5							
	Fish nos	1	2	3	4	5							
	Pool Group												
	Species	SAL	SAL	SAL	SAL	SAL							
	Average weight	4.4kg	4.4kg	4.4kg		4.4kg							
	Sex	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A							
	Water Type	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW							
ω.		⊨		_	_	_							
tail		sku	Sk	sku	skı	skı							
Details		fufi	fufi	fnfi	fnfi	fnfi							
놙	Stock Origin	Stofnfiskur	Stofnfiskur	Stofnfiskur	Stofnfiskur	Stofnfiskur							
Stock	Facility No	6	2		1	1							
										_			

1111 000, 101	0.0 10								100	aca by.			
	Additional Sample Information: Additional Sample Information:												
5	Total T	ests ass	igned	3									
													1 1
													1
													1
													1

FHI 059, Version 13 Issued by: FHI Date of issue: 12/05/2020 Method of killing: Case no: 2023-0355 Site No: FS1274 Inspector(s): Sheet Relevant: Y Date of visit: 09/08/2023 S for strong presence: M for medium presence: W for weak presence Fish Number Time sampled after death (if > 45 minutes) 45 **External Signs** M M M M Behaviour Moribund S S S Lethargic Hanging vertical Spiralling Flashing Loss of equilibrium Body Dark Distended abdomen Anorexic Scale Oedema Opercula Shortened Flared Haemorrhaging **Throat** Ventrum Base of fins Elsewhere Eyes Exophthalmic **Enophthalmic (sunken)** Cataract Haemorrhagic Gills Pale W W Zoned Necrotic M W Lesions Flank **Elsewhere** Vent Inflamed Trailing faeces Lice Load Estimate numbers Internal Signs Clear М **Ascites** Bloody Oedema In tissues Heart Pale/anaemic Granulomas Deformed Liver Petechial haem Gross haem Tissue breakdown Enlarged 3 Colour number(s) Granulomas Lesions Pyloric caeca Petechial haem **Tubules mauve** Lack of fat Spleen Enlarged

Granulomas

No food present Yellow pseudo-faeces External haem Internal haem

Haemorrhaging Haemorrhaging

Fluid filled

Swollen
Grey
Granular
Liquefied
Parasites present

Anaemia

Gut

Body wall

Kidney

General

Swim bladder

Case no: 2023-0355

Date of visit: 09/08/2023

Date of visit:	09/08/2023	J					
S for strong process	ce: M for medium presence: W for v						
Fish Number	ce. W for medium presence. W for t	1				I	
	er death (if > 45 minutes)						
External Signs	er death (ii > 45 minutes)						
Behaviour Separate	Moribund						
20110111001	Lethargic						
	Hanging vertical						
	Spiralling						
	Flashing						
	Loss of equilibrium						
Body	Dark						
	Distended abdomen						
	Anorexic						
	Scale Oedema						
Opercula	Shortened						
Usamarrhaging	Flared						
Haemorrhaging	Throat Ventrum						
	Base of fins						
	Elsewhere						
Eyes	Exophthalmic						
,	Enophthalmic (sunken)						
	Cataract						
	Haemorrhagic						
Gills	Pale						
	Zoned						
	Necrotic						
Lesions	Flank						
	Elsewhere						
Vent	Inflamed						
line Lend	Trailing faeces						
Lice Load	Estimate numbers						
Internal Signs							
Ascites	Clear						
Ascites	Bloody						
Oedema	In tissues						
Heart	Pale/anaemic						
	Granulomas						
	Deformed						
Liver	Petechial haem						
	Gross haem						
	Tissue breakdown						
	Enlarged						
	Colour number(s)						
	Granulomas Lesions						
Pyloric caeca	Petechial haem						
i yidiic caeca	Tubules mauve						
	Lack of fat						
Spleen	Enlarged						
	Granulomas						
Gut	No food present						
	Yellow pseudo-faeces						
	External haem						
	Internal haem						
Body wall	Haemorrhaging						
Swim bladder	Haemorrhaging						
12: 1	Fluid filled						
Kidney	Swollen						
	Grey						
	Granular Liquefied						
General	Parasites present						
General	Anaemia						
	Aliacillia						

FHI 059, Version 13	Issued by: FHI	Date of issue: 12/05/202
Additional comments:		
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Site No: FS1274

Case No: 2023-0355

Nature of non-compliance:

Action taken (FHI):

Non-compliance relevant to (delete): VirologyMolGen/Bacteriology/Histology/Parasitology

Case No:	2023-0355			Date of visit:	09/08/2023			
Site No:	FS1274			Inspector:		ı		
Results Summary	Freq.			Da	te of Notifica	tion		
,	·	Database	Insp		Insp	Writing	Insp	2 nd Insp
AGDQ	4/5	16/08/2023		16/08/2023	-			
IHNP	0/5	16/08/2023		16/08/2023				
IPNM	0/5	16/08/2023		16/08/2023				
PNST	4/5	16/08/2023		16/08/2023				
PMVP	0/5	16/08/2023		16/08/2023				
SPVP	3/5	16/08/2023		16/08/2023				
SALP	0/5	16/08/2023		16/08/2023				
VHSP	0/5	16/08/2023		16/08/2023				
Gill pathology - GPAT	4/5	30/08/2023		30/08/2023				
Amoebic gill disease	3/5	30/08/2023		30/08/2023				
(histology) - AMGD								
Complex gill issues (histology) - CGDH	4/5	30/08/2023		30/08/2023				
Liver pathology - LPAT	5/5	30/08/2023		30/08/2023				
Heart pathology - HPAT	5/5	30/08/2023		30/08/2023				
Postmortem changes -	5/5	30/08/2023		30/08/2023				
PMCH								
Vibrio species (culture) - VSPE	2/5	30/08/2023		30/08/2023				
*emailed								
Report Summary								
Case Type	Date	Insp	2 nd Insp					
DIA	22/09/2023		2 11100					



FISH HEALTH INSPECTORATE VISIT REPORT

SUMMARY FOR INFORMATION OF SITE OPERATOR

 Business No
 FB0125
 Date of Visit
 09/08/2023

 Site No
 FS1274
 Site Name
 Kishorn West

 Case No
 20230355
 Inspector

Section 1: Summary

The above site was inspected following reports of increased mortality by the farm operator. During the physical inspection of the site, five fish were removed for diagnostic sampling.

Histopathological examination revealed features consistent with mild, multifocal, hyperplasic branchitis, amoebic gill diseases confirmed by qPCR and vascular disturbances potentially associated with environmental factors/insults. Hepatocellular necrosis and minor myocarditis were also observed.

Vibrio sp. was identified on plates taken from kidney material of F1, F4 and F5. The level and purity of growth would not suggest this bacterium would be implicated as a primary cause of morbidity.

Four fish tested positive for *Neoparamoeba perurans* and *Paranucleospora theridion* by qPCR. Three fish tested positive for salmon gill poxvirus (SGPV).

Please contact myself or the duty inspector should you require any further information, have any queries regarding this report or if any problems develop.

Section 2: Case Detail

Observations

The site was inspected following reports of prolonged increased mortality by the farm operator. At the time of visit the site was stocked with 170,668 Atlantic salmon at an average weight of 4.4kg.

A large increase in numbers of micro jelly fish (*Obelia* sp.) were identified during routine site plankton trawls in week 26 and again in week 28, over time the stock on site developed anaemia from blood loss as a result of these bloom events. At the time of inspection, plankton levels had dropped back within a normal range however mortality was still ongoing.

From the physical inspection of the site there were one to two dozen fish observed as lethargic and moribund in each pen. Five fish were removed for diagnostic sampling from pens 1, 2 and 6.

All fish sampled presented lethargic and moribund prior to removal for sampling. The gills of all 5 fish were very pale, with the gills of F2 and F3 appearing slightly zoned and necrotic. Internally, all fish sampled had clear ascites within the body cavities. The liver of F1, F2 and F4 was slightly pale and F2 had a small lesion to the liver. Yellow pseudo-faeces were present within the hind gut of each fish.

Samples

Samples were collected from five fish according to the table below:

Fish number	Facility number	Species	Stage	Origin
F1	6	Atlantic salmon	2022 4.4 Kg	Stofnfiskur
F2	2	Atlantic salmon	2022 4.4 Kg	Stofnfiskur
F3	2	Atlantic salmon	2022 4.4 Kg	Stofnfiskur
F4	1	Atlantic salmon	2022 4.4 Kg	Stofnfiskur
F5	1	Atlantic salmon	2022 4.4 Kg	Stofnfiskur

Results

Bacteriology: Kidney and gill material from F1 – F5 was inoculated onto appropriate media for the isolation of bacteria.

The following bacteria were isolated:

• Vibrio sp.: F1, F4 and F5 (Kidney).

The level and purity of this isolate would not suggest that it would be implicated as a primary cause of morbidity.

Virology: Tissue samples were tested for segments of nucleic acid indicative of the presence of the pathogens specified below using real-time PCR (qPCR).

Salmon gill poxvirus

Fish Number	Endogenous control Cp value		Reported Result (PCR)		
F1	-	-	-	-	Negative
F2	-	-	-	-	Negative
F3	19.10	33.47	32.87	32.71	POSITIVE
F4	19.43	35.27	36.85	35.34	POSITIVE
F5	19.60	31.95	32.28	32.51	POSITIVE

The samples tested negative for infectious haematopoietic necrosis virus (IHNV), infectious salmon anaemia virus (ISAV), viral haemorrhagic septicemia virus (VHSV), Infectious pancreatic necrosis virus (IPNV), Piscine myocarditis virus (PMCV) and Salmonid alphavirus (SAV).

Parasitology: Tissue samples were tested for segments of nucleic acid indicative of the presence of the parasites specified below using real-time PCR (qPCR).

Neoparamoeba perurans (AGD)

Fish Number	Endogenous control Cp value		Reported Result (PCR)		
F1	-	-	-	-	Negative
F2	19.99	28.77	28.93	29.00	POSITIVE
F3	19.10	31.40	31.07	31.13	POSITIVE
F4	19.43	32.38	32.18	32.81	POSITIVE
F5	19.60	29.17	29.12	29.12	POSITIVE

Paranucleospora theridion

Fish Number	Endogenous control Cp value		Reported Result (PCR)		
F1	20.37	35.32	34.94	35.38	POSITIVE
F2	-	-	-	-	Negative
F3	19.10	34.18	34.47	34.39	POSITIVE
F4	19.43	36.78	34.11	34.07	POSITIVE
F5	19.60	31.04	30.53	30.58	POSITIVE

Histology: Tissue samples of gill, skin and skeletal muscle, heart, pyloric caeca, pancreas, hind gut, liver, spleen and kidney were taken from F1 – F5. The tissue samples were fixed in 10% neutral buffered formalin.

Histopathological examination revealed the following:

Gill: Lamellar hyperplasic branchitis, mild, multifocal (F2-F5), lamellar vascular disturbances (F2-F5). Presence of few amoeboid cells resembling *Neoparamoeba perurans* observed in F2, F5. F4 displayed between gill filaments plankton-like structure. Some aneurysmal dilation/telangiectasia and lamellar congestion and some vascular disturbances observed in all fish. F1 reading hindered by sampling artefacts.

Skin & Muscle: Within normal range.

Heart: Mild, multifocal, myocarditis (F1, F3) and minor necrosis (F5). Some thrombi nests in ventricular chamber. Minor pericarditis (F1, F4).

Gut and pyloric caeca: Marked cell sloughing potentially associated with post-mortem artefact observed in all fish. F2 reading hindered by sampling artefacts.

Liver: Hepatocellular necrosis, mild, multifocal (F1-F4) to coalescence F5, small foci of sinusoidal congestion (F1), cuffing (F1), hepatocellular vacuolation (macrovesicles), mild, diffuse (F2 & F3).

Kidney: Within the normal range.

Spleen: Within the normal range.

Signed: Date: 22/09/2023

Fish Health Inspector

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The Fish Health Inspectorate Service Charter detailing standards of service is available on the Scottish Government website at Fish Health Inspectorate Service Charter - gov.scot (www.gov.scot)

Kishorn West (FS1274) AFH-2023-0355 09/08/2023





























