FHI 059, Version 13	Issue	ed by: FHI	Date of issue: 12/05/2020
Case No: 2024-0064			Date of visit: 26/03/2024
Time spent on site:	hrs	Main Inspecto	r:
Site No:FS0549Business No:FB0125	Site Name: Business Name:	Tanera Scottish Sea Farms Ltd	
Case Types: 1 ECI	2 CNI 3 SLA	4 VMD 5	6
Water Temp (°C): 8.3	Thermometer No:	T152	FHI 045 completed
Observations:	Region: HI	Water type: S	CoGP MA: M-10
Dead/weak/abnormally behaving Clinical signs of disease observe Gross pathology observed? Diagnostic samples taken?	•	Y If yes, see additional inform	mation/clinical score sheet. mation/clinical score sheet. mation/clinical score sheet.
UNI/REG only - if unable to carry	vout intended visit detail rea	son below:	

FHI 059, Version 13 Additional Case Information:

Mortalities over threshold: Wk33: 1.3% (4,043) Wk37: 1.1% (3,367 Wk38: 3% (9,235) Wk41: 2.6% (7,636) Wk42: 6.5% (18,784) Wk43: 12.3% (33,604) Wk44: 9.6% (22,855) wk45 - 7.1% (15,357) Wk46 - 3.7% (7,476) Wk47 - 4.7% (11,145) Wk48 - 5.3% (13,444) Wk49 - 2.71% (6,685) Wk50 - 1.4% (3,288)

All mortality events have been attributed to poor gill health (CGD) combined with FW treatment losses in Wk48, 49 and 50 2023. Wrasse mortality since input for farmed stock was 45.69% and 27.28% for wildcaught stock.

Average adult female leps combined has remained below the CoGP treatment threshold since last EC inspection in April 2022.

Two batches of fish received onto site. One input in February 23, followed by a 2nd input in April 23 (within 6 weeks of each other). A mix of Fanads and Aquagens are currently on site and all came on through Barcaldine and Fada.

Site is stocked with a mix of farmed and wildcaught wrasse and site manager reported them to be effective at controlling sea lice on the site.

Lesions have been observed on some fish across site but appear to be healing well. Fish are being fed a skin assist diet to aid recovery and will soon move onto a Resist X diet to support gut function.

SLICE was administered in February 24, following a peroxide treatment in Nov 23.

General population of fish on site appeared in good external health, with a handful of individuals across the site appeared in poor health and were exhibiting skin lesions. These were removed during the inspection and humanely culled. No other clinical signs of disease were observed so diagnostic samples were not taken on this occassion.

The fish sampled for VMD was clinically healthy externally and internally and demonstrated a good feed response. Gut was full of food on examination.

Remote inspection completed on 21/03/24. Site visited on 26/03/24.

FHI 059, Versio	on 13			Issued by: F	HI		Date of	issue: 12/05/2020		
Case No:	2024-0064]	Site No:	FS0549	2					
Date of Visit:		26/03/2024]		Inspector(s):			1		
Registration//										
1. Business/sit			d by site repre	esentative?			Y			
2. Changes ma	ade to details	57				L	Y	1		
Site Details (in	nclude clear	ner fish for all	sections)							
Total No facilit		12	Facilities sto	ocked	12	No facilities in	nspected	12		
Species	SAL	WRA	WRA							
Age group	23 Q2	Wildcaught	Farmed							
No Fish	222,123	8,868	5,135							
Mean Fish Wt	3.7kg	45g	45g							
Next Fallow Da	ate (Site)	Sep/Oct 24		Next Input D	ate (Site)	Feb/March 25	5			
Recent (last 4	· · ·				_ ` '	(since last vis		N		
		of AGD and Cl	MS		,	(000 .0.010				
, ,			-							
Movement Re										
1. Movement r		able for inspec	tion?					Y		
2. Date of last	•		10				02/11/2023	N/		
 Are records Are movement 	•	•		va ata 2				Y N/A		
5. Are records				asie?				N/A N/A		
6. Are health c				available?				N/A		
			(outmin OD)	availabio.						
Transport Red	cords									
1. Are any mov	vements carr	ied out by (or o	on behalf) of t	the business	(not using a S [·]	TB)?		N		
If yes, is there	a system in p	place for maint	enance of tra	insportation r	ecords?					
	_									
Mortality Rec			- 0							
 Mortality rec How are mo 			n <i>?</i>		Incinerated -	on sito		T		
If other detail:					Incinerated -	UT SILE				
3. Mortality rec	ords comple	te and correct	v entered?					Y		
4. Recent mort				0.1%), WK10): 637 (0.3%),	Wk9: 548 (0.2	%), WK8: 78	34 (0.4%)		
4. Recent mortality (last 4 wks): Wk11: 249 (0.1%), WK10: 637 (0.3%), Wk9: 548 (0.2%), WK8: 784 (0.4%) 5. Evidence of recent increased/atypical mortalities? N										
If yes, facility nos/no mortality per facility/no stock per facility/reason:										
6. Any other peaks in mortality during period checked? Y										
If yes, detail: See additional information. 7. Have increased (unexplained) mortalities been reported to yet or FHI? N/A										
	7. Have increased (unexplained) mortalities been reported to vet or FHI? N/A If yes, detail action:									
8. Have 'morta		een reported to	o FHI? If no. (enter details o	on mortality ev	ents sheet.		Y		

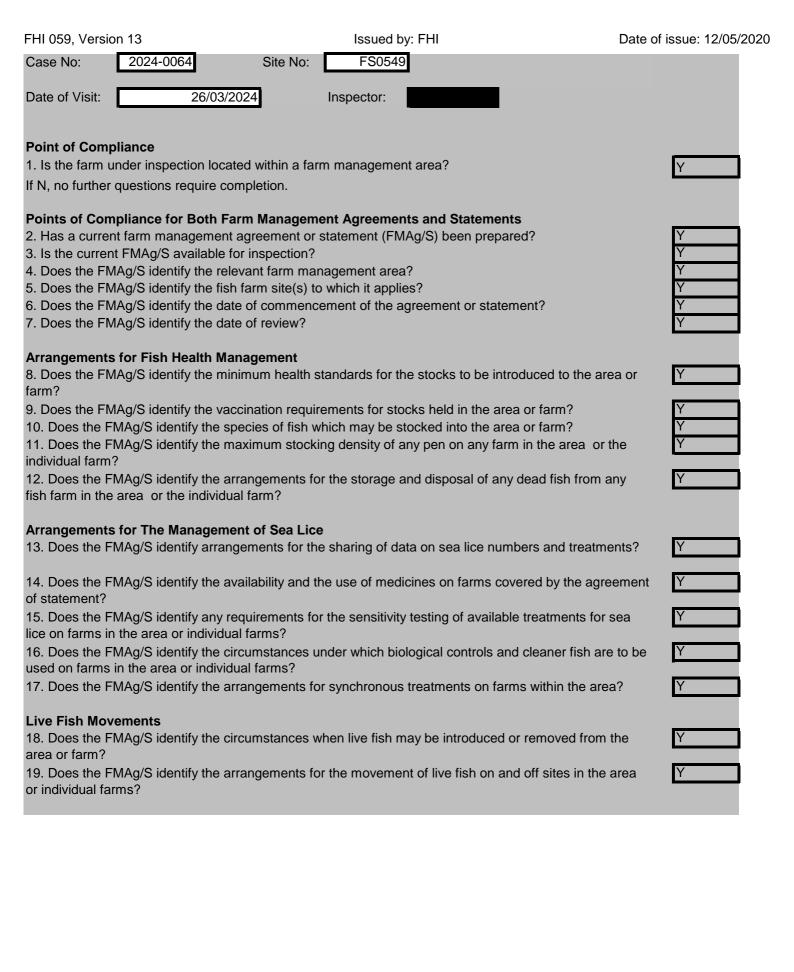
Treatments and Medicines Records	
1. Recent treatments (see comment)?	Y
If yes, detail: Slice Optomease	
If other, detail:	
2. Medicines records available for inspection?	Y
3. Are records complete and correctly entered?	Y
4. Are fish in a withdrawal period?	Y
5. If yes, what treatment(s)? Slice Optomease	
If other, detail:	
6. Are medicines stored appropriately?	Y
Biosecurity Records	
1. Biosecurity records available for inspection?	Y
2. Has the manner and frequency of mortality removal, recording and safe disposal been considered?	Y
3. Has the manner and period in which the APB will notify Scottish Ministers or veterinary professional of any	
increased (unexplained) mortality at the site been included?	Y
4. Has the action that will be taken in the event that the presence or suspicion of the presence of a listed	
disease is detected been included and how and when that will be notified to Scottish Ministers?	Y
5. Has the health status of aquaculture animals being stocked on the farm site been covered (equal or	Y
higher health status, certification if required)?	
6. Have the husbandry and biosecurity measures implemented between each epidemiological unit to	
minimise transmission of disease been covered (movement of staff, visitors, equipment, live or dead fish	Y
etc.)?	
7. Is documentation available regarding the measures in place to maintain the physical containment of	Y
aquaculture animals held on site?	-
8. Have the biosecurity procedures been adequately implemented on site?	Y
If no, detail:	
Results of Surveillance	_
1. Has any animal health surveillance been carried out by, or on behalf of, the business?	Y
2. If yes, are results available for inspection?	Y
3. Any significant results?	Y
If yes, detail (if not detailed under recent disease problems).	
Records checked between: 26/04/2022 - 21/03/24	

FHI 059, Version 13				ls	sued by: FHI		
Case no:	2024-006	4 Site No:	FS0549)	Date of visit/	26/0	03/2024 26/0
Priority samples:	VI	ВА	PA	MG	Sampling:		l
Time sampling starts/ends:	13:30:			Inspector:		VMD No	p. <u>6</u>
Environmental conditions:	: 1 D	ry 2	Sunny 3	Cloudy 4	1	5	
Summary samples	HIST	ВА	MG		I PA	۹	Total Samples
Add Fish/Pools - click							
Pool/Fish No							
Fish nos	F1					_	
Pool Group	SAL						
Species Average weight	3.7kg						
Sex	N/A						
Water Type	SW						
	0.11						
Stock Origin	Barcaldine Smolt Unit FS1328						
້ອ່ Stock Origin ອັ Facility No	1						

	3/2024 Additional Sample Information:													
	Fish was anaesthetised followed by a percussive blow.													
0	0 Total Tests assigned 0													

FHI 059, Version 13		issued by: FHI			Date	JI Issue	: 12/05/2020
Case Number:	2024-0064		Site No:	FS0549		Insp:	
Date of Visit	26/03/2024		No of m	ovements/s	supp./dest.		Score
Live fish movements			0	1-5	6-10	>10	
Movements on (from out	-	novements on from equivalent MS	0	5	10	14	0
with GB) of susceptible species		novements on from equivalent zone or neuliding third country	0	9	18	26	0
	Number of sup		0	-	10	14	0
Movements off	Frequency of n	novements off	0	3	6	10	10
	Number of des		0	3	6	10	3
Exposure via water		Site contacts	0	1-5	6-10		
Water contacts with other farms (holding species	Farm is protect disinfection or	ed (secure water supply through borehole)	0				
susceptible to same diseases)	Farm is on-line	or in a coastal zone with category I n or within 1 tidal excursion	1	2	4		2
	farms upstream	or in a coastal zone with category III n or within 1 tidal excursion	1	3	6		
		or in a coastal zone with category V n or within 1 tidal excursion	1	4	8		
Management practices			None	Secure	Unsecure		_
Water contacts with processors	Any processing	plant discharging into adjacent waters	0	1	2		0
On farm processing within the rules of the directive	No on farm pro	cessing	0				0
	Processing ow	n fish (re-cycling risk)	1				
	Processing fish	n from MS of equivalent status	2				
	equivalent stat		4				
		n from Category III farm	8				
	Processing fish	n from Category V farm	10	_			
Disposal of fish and fish by-	Site's own was	te only processed.	0				0
products	Common proce	esses with other farms	3				
	Collection poin	t for waste from other farms	5				
Use of unpasteurised feeds	No feeding of u	inpasteurised feed	0				0
	Feeding unpas	teurised feed	5				
Biosecurity		Number of sites	1	2 or 3	≥ 4		
Contacts with other sites		from single shorebase	0	1	2		1
	Sites sharing s	taff and equipment	0	1	2		1
Disinfection of equipment	Yes		0				0
between sites, use of footbaths etc	No		1				
CoGP/Regulator							
Practices in accordance	Yes		0				0
with regulator or industry code of practice	No		3				
Platform access to cages	Yes		0				0
	No		2				
					Total		17
					Rank		MEDIUM

FHI 059, Version 13	Issued by: FHI	Date of issue: 12/05/2020
Case No: 2024-0064	Site No:	FS0549
Sea Lice Inspection (Seawater Sites Only) 1. Has the site experienced sea lice problems in 2. Is the CoGP Farm Management Area (or equ 3. Does the site have access to a range of licen- azamethiphos and emamectin benzoate) as we can these be deployed in a reasonable period of	ivalent) fallowed synchronously on a single year ced in-feed and bath sea lice medications (inclue Il as access to suitable biological and/or mechan	ding deltamethrin,
4. Is there a signed documented farm managem Area (or equivalent)?	nent agreement or statement relevant to the site	and CoGP Farm Management
5. Are sea lice count records available for inspect.6. Do records adequately reflect the required state		al SSI, CoGP Annex 6)
7. Are sea lice (<i>L. salmonis</i>) record levels below records are inspected? (CoGP Annex 6)	v the suggested criteria for treatment in the CoG	P during the period that
8. Have average adult female sea lice (<i>L. salmo</i> or above (from w/b 10/6/19) during the period th	· ·	ove (prior to w/b 10/6/19) or 2
If yes, have these been reported to the Fish Hea 9. Is <i>C. elongatus</i> infestation at a level which is		s? (CoGP 4.3.81, 5.3.50)
10. Have therapeutic treatments been administer suggested criteria for treatment or where <i>C. elon</i>		
11. Has any other action been taken (where app12. Have therapeutic treatments or the actions t13. Are treatments, where conducted, carried ou14. Is there a harvesting strategy for the site, while?	aken had a significant impact upon the lice level at in cooperation between participating farms?	
15. Is there a site specific written lice managementscenarios during the escalation of a sea lice infe		ons to deal with recognised
16. Do the sea lice levels observed on stocks re	flect sea lice count data? If no please detail reas	sons.
Containment Inspection 1. Has the site experienced equipment damage 2. Are measures in place to mitigate against the Sealpro nets, If other, detail below:		uction cycles? N Y
 Have escape incidents or events been exper If Yes proceed with questions 4 – 9. If No skip to 4. Have these been reported to Scottish Minister Have these been reported to local DSFB forth Have these been reported to the SSPO and local 	o question 10 rs? with (where they exist)? (CoGP – 4.4.37, 5.4.17	7)
7. Were methods (if any) used to recover escap	ees? If yes give detail	
 8. If gill nets were deployed was this action agree Ministers? (Legal, CoGP – 4.4.38, 5.4.18) 9. What action was taken to prevent and minimize be considered under satisfactory measures 	se the risk of further escapes? (Not covered in c	
10. Is the site inspected as satisfactory with regard		(s) Y



FHI 059, Version 13	Issued by: FHI	Date of issue: 12/05/2020
Harvesting 20. Does the FMAg/S identify accepta	able harvest practices on farms in the area or individe	ual farms?
date when a farm or area may be rest 22. Does the FMAg/S identify whether agreement or statement?	r one or more year classes may be stocked onto site r broodstock or potential broodstock are to be kept o	es covered by the Y
Point of Compliance for Farm Mana 24. Does the farm management agree parties to the agreement?	agement Agreements Only ement include arrangements for persons to become	, or cease to be, N/A
Management and operation 25. Is the fish farm being managed ar 26. What is the version no/date of issu	nd operated in accordance with the agreement or sta ue of the FMAg/S? 2023	atement? Y

FHI 059, Version 13		Issued by	/: FHI	Date of issue: 12/05/2020
Case No	: 2024-0064	Site No:	FS0549	
Date of visit	: 26/03/2024	Inspector(s):		
	20/00/2024	inspector(3).		
Point for consideration	Risk level	Satisfactory?	Requirement	Comments and advice given or action taken if necessary
ENHANCED SEA LICE INSPECTION CHECKLIST				
a. Inspection of sea lice records 1.1 Are sea lice count records available for inspection?	Medium	V	CoGP 1.2.1, 1.2.2,	
1.2 Do records adequately reflect the required standard specified in	Low & Medium	Ť Y	Annex 6	
the SSI^1 and the CoGP ² ?			SSI 1,2,	
(Counts should be weekly, record the person making the count, date				
of the count, number of fish sampled (should be 25), pen or facility				
number recorded, water temperature ³ , number of parasites observed				
and correct stages recorded ⁴				
1.3 Where weekly counts are not conducted is the reason for not	Low	Υ	SSI 1,2(g)	
conducting the count stated?				
1.4 Is that reason considered acceptable by the Inspector? Give	Low	Υ		
detail.				
1.5 Has the site experienced sea lice problems in the previous 4		Ν	Detail if necessary:	
years? b. Inspection of records relating to treatment and control of sea li		I		
2.1 Has appropriate action been taken where:		1		
a) L. salmonis record levels have been above the suggested criteria	High	N/A	CoGP Annex 6	Not been above the CoGP suggested criteria for treatment since last
for treatment?				inspection.
b) C. elongatus infestation is at a level considered to cause significant	High	N/A	CoGP 4.3.81, 5.3.50	The average Caligus count (for all stages) has not been above 0.84
welfare problems				since the last inspection.
2.2 Is therapeutic treatment initiated ASAP where required?	Medium	Υ	CoGP 4.3.130, 5.3.84	
2.3 Where medicines have been administered there should be a			VMD ¹² 19	
record of :			SSI 1,3	-
the name / identity of the product	High	Y		Treatment records inspected and found to be adequately maintained.
the date of administration	High	Y		
the quantity (concentration and amount) administered	High	Y		
the method of administration of the product	High	Y		
the identification of the fish / facilities treated	High	Y		
name of the person administering the treatment	Low	Y		
the withdrawal period	Medium	Y		
2.4 If the medicine is administered by a veterinary surgeon:			VMD 18	

Point for consideration	Risk level	Satisfactory?	Requirement	Comments and advice given or action taken if necessary
the name of the veterinary surgeon	High	N/A		Prescriptions from the vet were available for inspection, however administration of medicines is conducted by a trained member of site staff.
name of the product	High	N/A		
batch number	High	N/A		
the date of administration	High	N/A		
amount administered	High	N/A		
identification of fish treated	High	N/A		
withdrawal period	Medium	N/A		
2.5 Have therapeutic treatments or the actions taken had a significant impact upon the lice levels recorded?	High	Y		
Inspect records to confirm. Significant impact - ≥50% reduction in site average <i>L.salmoni</i> s numbers (all stages)				
2.6 If other methods are employed on site to control sea lice and their impact is there a record of:	Low	Y	SSI, 1,4	Wrasse have been stocked onto site to control sea lice loads and are reported to be performing well. Sealice records reflect low levels.
the nature and date of the method employed; the identification number of all facilities subjected to the method; the name of the person employing the method				
2.7 Where medicines have been acquired is there a record of:			VMD 19	
proof of purchase of the medicine concerned	Medium	Y	VMD 17	
name of the product	High	Υ		
batch number	High	Y		
the date of purchase	Medium	Y		
the quantity purchased	High	Y		
the name and address of the supplier	Medium	Y		
2.8 Where medicines have been disposed is there a record of:			VMD 19	
the date of disposal	Medium	N/A	1	Medicines are only supplied in the required quanitity to complete the course of treatment. As such, no surplus is available.
the quantity of product involved	Medium	N/A]	If medicines were to be disposed of, procedures are in place for appropriate disposal through the company vet.
how and where it was disposed of	Medium	N/A		
2.9 Are veterinary health plans available which detail bio-security protocols, preventative measures and treatments in relation to sea lice?	Medium	Y	CoGP 4.3.129, 5.3.83	
Consider the following points over a percentage of treatments conducted on site				
2.10 Has the recommended course of treatments been completed?	Medium	Y	CoGP 4.3.134, 5.3.88	

Point for consideration	Risk level	Satisfactory?	Requirement	Comments and advice given or action taken if necessary
2.11 If not, is there a recorded acceptable reason for not completing treatment?	Medium	N/A	CoGP 4.3.135, 5.3.89	All treatments, where conducted, have been completed as directed by the vet.
2.12 Was advice taken from the Veterinary surgeon in such circumstances?	Medium	N/A	CoGP 4.3.135, 5.3.89	
2.13 Are there clear written instructions regarding medicine use, available to those responsible for treatment administration?	Medium	Y	CoGP 4.3.133, 5.3.87	Instructions for administration were detailed on the prescriptions.
2.14 Does the site have treatment discharge consents relevant to sea		Y	Detail if necessary:	CAR licence.
lice?				
c. Inspection of records relating to farm management groups and	farm manager	ment agreements	s or statements	
3.1 Is there a nominated farmer acting as coordinator and point of contact for this farm or area inclusive of this farm?	Low	Y	SSI 1,5,b CoGP 4.3.75, 5.3.44	
3.2 Is there a written undertaking that the farm will observe the provisions of the NTS ⁶ ?	Low	Y	CoGP 4.3.76, 5.3.45	Detailed in the FMS.
3.3 Has an area group been formed within the area containing the site?	Medium	Y	CoGP 4.3.77, 5.3.46	One other site belonging to the same business falls within the area.
 3.4 Does the remit of the area group have appropriate veterinary involvement? Consider: -agreed basis for monitoring sea lice -coordinated monitoring and treatment -co-operation between participating farms 	Medium	Y	CoGP 4.3.77, 5.3.46 SSI 1,5, c	Company vet is available as required. VHWP and FMS consider the required points.
This may require follow up investigation conducted off site to determine			1	
3.5 Are records available of any decisions made by the FMG in relation to the prevention, control and reduction of parasites?	Low	Y	SSI 1, 5, c	End of cycle and beginning of cycle summaries available in the VHWP.
3.6 Where treatments have been administered is this done in accordance with principles to maximise the effectiveness of treatments, promote the minimal use of medicines consistent with the maintenance of high standards of fish welfare and help preserve their efficacy?	Medium	Y	4.3.82, 5.3.51	Treatments, where conducted, are scheduled to be synchronous. Weekly counts on both sites are completed and records are shared. Bio-assays can be completed to determine sensitivity.
For example, the principles of ISLM include: Resistance monitoring – reporting suspected adverse drug event (SADE) to the VMD.			1	
The steps to determine if resistance is considered a reason for a suspected lack of efficacy (e.g. Bio-assay tests and results, seeking veterinary advice)				
Appropriate discharge consent in place Use of authorized medicines with veterinary instruction and advice as necessary Monitoring lice numbers				
Using an array of treatments where possible Treating all stocks on site at the same time				

Point for consideration	Risk level	Satisfactory?	Requirement	Comments and advice given or action taken if necessary
Avoiding the simultaneous use of different active ingredients				
Avoiding consecutive treatments of the same active ingredient, and				
certainly not on the same cohort of lice				
Routine removal of moribund fish and regular removal of mortalities.				
3.7 Are weekly monitoring results communicated to other farmers within the defined area?	High	Ŷ	CoGP 4.3.78, 5.3.47	Both sites within the area belong to the same business so results are
3.8 Is this done 'as soon as reasonably possible where lice numbers	Lliab	V	CoGP 4.3.79, 5.3.48	readily accessible.
exceed the suggested criteria for treatment?	High	ř	COGP 4.3.79, 5.3.46	
3.9 Is sea lice data and other information relevant to the management	Low	V	CoGP 4.3.80, 5.3.49	As required.
of sea lice provided to the SSPO?	LOW	1	0001 4.3.00, 3.3.43	As required.
3.10 Are annual review meetings held by FMA groups to evaluate site	High	Y	CoGP 4.3.83, 5.3.52	
performance against set criteria?				
3.11 Is there a signed documented farm management agreement or		Y	AFSA ¹³ 4A	
farm management statement relevant to the site and CoGP Farm				
Management Area (or equivalent)?			Detail if necessary:	
3.12 Are up to date copies of FMS available from other APB operating	Medium	N/A	CoGP 4.3.88, 5.3.57	
within the same FMA?				
3.13 Are significant changes to FMS notified to other companies	Medium	N/A	CoGP 4.3.89, 5.3.58	
within the FMA?				
3.14 Is there co-operation between APB's operating within the FMA in	Medium	N/A	CoGP 4.3.90, 5.3.59	
the development and implementation of FMAg?			1501 (5	
3.15 Are copies of FMS or FMAg available for inspection?	Medium	Y	AFSA 4B	
3.16 Does the FMS or FMAg take into account the relevant aspects	Medium	Y	CoGP 4.3.91, 5.3.60	
regarding a sea lice control strategy? 3.17 If the FMA has been redefined , is there documented evidence		N/A	CoGP 4.3.92, 5.3.61	
to demonstrate that the risks to health within and outwith the area is	High ¹⁰	N/A	COGP 4.3.92, 5.3.01	
not increased by the proposal?				
3.18 Is the CoGP Farm Management Area (or equivalent) fallowed	High	Y	CoGP 4.3.100	
synchronously on a single year class basis?	g			
3.19 If answered no to 3.18, then is there a documented risk	High	N/A	CoGP 4.3.101	
assessment which meets the requirements of CoGP point 4.3.101?	Ŭ			
d. Inspection of records relating to training and procedures				
4.1 Is there a training programme or plan in place relevant to sea lice	High	Y	CoGP 7.1.8	
control for the site?				
4.2 Are training records available for relevant staff in relation to:			CoGP 4.1.6, 5.1.6	
			SSI, 1,1	
parasite identification	High	Y	CoGP 4.3.84-86,	
counting parasites (procedures for)	High	Y	5.3.53-55	
recording counts	High	Y		

Point for consideration	Risk level	Satisfactory?	Requirement	Comments and advice given or action taken if necessary
biology and life cycle of parasites	Low	Y		
symptoms of parasite infection in fish	Low	Y		
4.3 Have staff been trained in the administration of treatments?	High	Y	CoGP 4.1.6, 5.1.6 CoGP 4.3.84, 5.3.53	
N.B. there is no legal requirement to maintain a record of this			1	
Where records exist regarding SOPs and site procedures these should be inspected to confirm suitability				
e. Inspection of site and site stock				
5.1 Are medicines used, stored and disposed of safely?	Medium	Y	VMD schedule 5	Any medicines that are held on site are stored in a lockable chemical cabinet on the site barge.
5.2 Do the sea lice levels observed on stocks reflect sea lice count data?	High	Υ	1	
Refer to section e) of guidance notes			1	
5.3 Does the site appear satisfactory in terms of fish welfare relating to sea lice infestation?	High	Y	1	
f. Inspection of farm count procedures				
6.1 Are pens and fish sampled at random?	Low	Y	CoGP Annex 6,	
6.2 Have the personnel conducting counts had appropriate training in lice recognition and recording?	High	Y	4.3.84-86, 5.3.53-55	Sealice training has been completed by both members who were observed conducting the sealice count during the inspection. Training records inspected.
(Cross reference to training records – Section d)				
6.3 Can such personnel demonstrate post training competence?	High	Y	CoGP 4.3.85, 5.3.54	Accurate identification of species and lifestage was observed during
6.4 Do the sample sizes and methods of sampling match the CoGP suggested protocol (detailed iii – vii)?	Medium	Y	Annex 6	the inspection Five cages were sampled at random and five fish were selected from each. After each cage, any sealice that remained in the tub of
35 I ()				anaesthetic were also counted and recorded.
N.B. Other strategies are acceptable if considered adequate in the control and reduction of sea lice			1	
6.5 Is identification and recording of sea lice count information including species and stages observed to be correct?	High	Y	Annex 6	
Minimum recording requirements within the CoGP and NTS are:			1	
for Caligus elongatus all identifiable stages and for Lepeophtheirus salmonis chalimus, mobiles and adult females (with or without egg strings) ¹¹				
C ,	Medium	Y		Field records are transferred daily and were available for insepction.
g. Inspection of treatment administration procedures		-	-	
7.1 Are treatments considered to be administered in an appropriate competent manner?	High	Y		Manufacturers instructions were followed and correct dosage was used for the volume of water.

Point for consideration	Risk level	Satisfactory?	Requirement	Comments and advice given or action taken if necessary
Consider appropriate use of tarpaulins; completion of medication per prescription, correct concentrations, mixing and administrations, appropriate product used				
7.2 Is accurate information provided to the attending veterinary surgeon for dosage calculation?	High	N/A		A vet was not on site on the day of inspection. Site staff were observed administering the anaesthetic, following manufactureres instructions.
7.3 Are the fish under consideration being given any other medication, or are they in a withdrawal period for any other medication?		Y		Fish were in withdrawel for SLICE on the day of inspection.
7.4 If so, has the prescribing veterinary surgeon been informed of this?	Medium	N/A	CoGP 4.3.132, 5.3.86	
7.5 Are clear instructions for medication, dosage and administration communicated to the staff responsible for treatment?	High	Y	CoGP 4.3.133, 5.3.87	

Additional actions	Powers	Comments and advice given or action taken if necessary
If necessary conduct a sea lice count in accordance with the protocol of the CoGP. Indicate where this procedure has been done and make	Power granted under the Act – section 3 (2) (a)	
a record of results within the comments box i. Collection of samples	Power granted	
If necessary collect samples. Indicate if samples have been taken and detail what those samples are and the purpose of their collection	under the Act	
j. Enforcement Notice. If an enforcement notice has been issued then maintain a copy / duplicate and record detail	Power granted under the Act – Section 6 (2)	
Guidance on completing the Enforcement Notice		

[1] Scottish Statutory Instrument – The Fish Farming Businesses (Record Keeping) (Scotland) Order 2008

[2] A Code of Good Practice for Scottish Finfish Aquaculture

[3] Water temperature to be measured at the half way point of the depth of the facility containing the fish, or as close to as possible. For SW cage sites one reading per count may be s

[4] Recording requirements:- for C. elongatus – all identifiable stages and for L. salmonis - mobiles and adult females (with or without egg strings)

[5] Area refers to management area as specified within Part 3 of the industry CoGP or as redefined appropriately

[6] For reference Annex 6 of the CoGP provides the detail of the NTS

FHI 059, Version 13		Issued by	/: FHI	Date of issue: 12/05/2020
Point for consideration	Risk level	Satisfactory?	Requirement	Comments and advice given or action taken if necessary
[7] FMA = Farm Management Area				
[8] FMS = Farm Management Statement				
[9] FMAg = Farm Management Agreement				
[10] No further action may be required when answering pe	a ta thia paint and w	no to 2 10		

[10] No further action may be required when answering no to this point and yes to 3.18

[11] Legal recording requirements within the SSI stipulate – for Caligus elongatus: mobiles; and for Lepeophtheirus salmonis: non-gravid mobiles and gravid females.

[12] VMD - The Veterinary Medicines Regulations 2013 (SI 2013 No 2033)

[13] AFSA - Aquaculture and Fisheries (Scotland) Act 2007 (as amended)

Case No:	2024-0064			Date of visit:	26/03/2024]		
Site No:	FS0549	l –		Inspector:		I		
Results Summary	Freq.			Da	te of Notifica	tion		
		Database	Insp	Phone	Insp	Writing	Insp	2 nd Insp
Report Summary								
Case Type ECI, CNI, VMD	Date	Insp	2 nd Insp					
ECI, CNI, VMD	08/04/2024							

Report Summary			
Case Type	Date	Insp	2 nd Insp
ECI, CNI, VMD	08/04/2024		
SLA	08/04/2024		



FISH HEALTH INSPECTORATE VISIT REPORT

SUMMARY FOR INFORMATION OF SITE OPERATOR

 BUSINESS NO
 FB0125

 SITE NO
 FS0549

 CASE NO
 20240064

DATE OF VISIT26/03/2024SITE NAMETaneraINSPECTORImage: Constraint of the second secon

ENHANCED SEA LICE INSPECTION

An enhanced sea lice inspection to ascertain the levels of sea lice and for assessing the measures in place for the prevention, control and reduction of sea lice was conducted in accordance with the Aquaculture and Fisheries (Scotland) Act 2007.

The visit consisted of an inspection of records with regards to sea lice, the stock on site, site procedures with regards to sea lice and the provision of advice.

a) Inspection of sea lice records

The site meets the requirement of current Scottish industry best practice. There were no recommendations made and no further action is required.

b) Inspection of records relating to treatment and control of sea lice

The site meets the requirement of current Scottish industry best practice. There were no recommendations made and no further action is required.

c) Inspection of records relating to farm management groups and area management agreements.

The site meets the requirement of current Scottish industry best practice. No recommendations made and no further action is required.

d) Inspection of records relating to training and procedures

The site meets the requirement of current Scottish industry best practice. No recommendations made or further action required.

e) Inspection of site and site stock

The site meets the requirement of current Scottish industry best practice. No recommendations made or further action required.

f) Inspection of farm count procedures

An inspection of site staff conducting and recording a sea lice count was carried out. This met the requirements of The Fish Farming Business (Record Keeping) (Scotland) Order 2008 and CoGP. No further recommendations or further action required.

R10

g) Inspection of treatment administration procedures

An inspection of treatment administration procedures was carried out. The site meets the requirement of current Scottish industry best practice. No further recommendations made, or further action required.

Further Action

The site meets the requirement of current Scottish industry best practice. No further recommendations are made, or further action required.

Please contact myself or the duty inspector should you require any further information or have any queries regarding this report.

Signed:



Date: 08/04/2024

Fish Health Inspector

The Fish Health Inspectorate Service Charter detailing standards of service is available on the Scottish Government website at Fish Health Inspectorate Service Charter - gov.scot (www.gov.scot)

FISH HEALTH INSPECTORATE VISIT REPORT

SUMMARY FOR INFORMATION OF SITE OPERATOR

BUSINESS NO FB0125 SITE NO FS0549 CASE NO 20240064 SITE NAME INSPECTOR

DATE OF VISIT 26/03/2024 Tanera

Inspection under the Aquatic Animal Health (Scotland) Regulations 2009

The above site was inspected, in accordance with the Aquatic Animal Health (Scotland) Regulations 2009.

All epidemiological units were inspected. On this occasion no samples were taken for disease analysis. The Inspector did not observe any clinical signs associated with the listed diseases as described in the Aquatic Animal Health (Scotland) Regulations 2009.

Records

The surveillance frequency category of the site was assessed as medium. An inspection under the Aquatic Animal Health (Scotland) Regulations 2009 will be conducted every second year. The category of the site will be reassessed on a routine basis and updated as required.

The information required for the public record of aquaculture production businesses regarding this site was verified and where necessary updated. The following records were also inspected to ensure that the conditions of authorisation for your Aquaculture Production Business (APB) are being met:

Aquaculture animal and aquaculture animal product movement records were inspected and appeared to be adequately maintained.

Mortality records were inspected and found to be adequately maintained.

Mortality levels had exceeded the reporting criteria since the last inspection and had been reported to the Fish Health Inspectorate as required.

Reports detailing the results of animal health surveillance carried out by or on behalf of the business and/or Marine Directorate were available for inspection.

The biosecurity measures plan for the site was inspected and found to be adequately maintained and implemented.

Inspection under the Animals and Animal Products (Examination for Residues and Maximum **Residue Limits) (England and Scotland) Regulations 2015**

Medicine records were inspected and found to be adequately maintained.

Samples were taken to be analysed for veterinary residues.

Inspection under the Aquaculture and Fisheries (Scotland) Act 2007

The site was also inspected in accordance with the Aquaculture and Fisheries (Scotland) Act 2007, as amended, with respect to section 3 regarding parasites (sea lice), section 4A regarding fish farm management agreements and statements and section 5 regarding containment and escapes.

On this occasion the site was found to be satisfactory with regards to fish farm management agreements and statements and containment and escapes.

An enhanced sea lice inspection was conducted. A separate report will be issued in due course.

Please contact myself or the duty inspector should you require any further information or have any queries regarding this report.

Signed:



Date: 08/04/2024

Fish Health Inspector

The Fish Health Inspectorate Service Charter detailing standards of service is available on the Scottish Government website at Fish Health Inspectorate Service Charter - gov.scot (www.gov.scot)