FHI 059, Version 13	I	ssued by: FHI	C	Date of issue: 12/05/2020
Case No: 2024-0096			Date of v	risit: 26/03/2024
Time spent on site:	ōh	Ма	n Inspector:	
Site No: FS0646 Business No: FB0119	Site Name: Business Name:	Soay Mowi Scotland Ltd		
Case Types: 1 ECI	2 CNI 3 SLI	4 REP 5	6	
Water Temp (°C): 8	Thermometer No:	T173	FHI 045	completed N/A
Observations:	Region: WI	Water type:	S CoGF	PMA W-7
Dead/weak/abnormally behaving Clinical signs of disease observe Gross pathology observed? Diagnostic samples taken?		Y If yes, see addi	ional information/clin ional information/clin ional information/clin	ical score sheet.
UNI/REG only - if unable to carry	/ out intended visit detail	reason below:		

Issued by: FHI

Additional Case Information:

Peaks in salmon mortality 2023 wk 24 2942 (0.85%), wk 25 2881 (0.91%), wk 26 3988 (1.49%), wk 27 7535 (3.47%), wk 28 1450 (1.41%) mainly attributed to CMS but some moritella. Wk 50 3463 (0.80%), wk 51 3376 (0.78%), wk 52 3587 (0.85%) these were recorded as seal predation and without diagnosis.

Salmon mortalities in 2024 have been persistently elevated, a fw treatment loss occurred in week 2 (13305 (3.17%), with physical damage and seal predation the main cause of mortality until week 6 with 16256 recorded. Week 6 16594 (4.25%) was recorded in the main as fw treatment loss but gill infection (AGD) and physical damage also noted. Week 7 8921 (2.38%) were partly due to the treatment losses in week 6 but mainly attributed to bacterial infection (Moritella) which is recorded predominantly as the cause of mortality through to week 12 with 44723 recorded.

Salmon morts for the last five weeks: wk 12 7718 (2.45%), wk 11 8347 (2.58%), wk 10 12667 (3.77%), wk 9 16003 (4.54%) wk 8 12799 (3.50%).

Lumpfish mortalities for the last four weeks: 17867 no diagnosis.

Wrasse peaks in mortality, 2022: Wk 33 8994 (12.32%), wk 34 (8332 (11.78%)

Lumpfish peaks in mortality 2023: wk 14 2599 (3.78%), wk 15 2996 (4.53%), wk 16 2900 (4.59%), wk 17 2582 (4.28%).

Fish were transferred from Hellisay in October due to water quality issues (jellyfish and gill health)

A number of moribunds and lethargic were observed, clinical signs included lesions and fin erosion, five were removed for diagnostic sampling.

Mort, sea lice and treatment records inspected remotely on the 21/3/2024 remaining records inspected on the 26/3/2024.

FHI 059, Version 13			Issu	led by: FHI			Date of issu	ie: 12/05/2020	
Case No:	2024-0096		Site No:	FS0646]				
Date of Visit:		26/03/2024	4		Inspector(s):			I	
Registration/Autho								_	
1. Business/site det		y checked by	site representa	ative?			Y]	
2. Changes made to	o details?						Ŷ	J	
Site Details (includ	le cleaner fi	sh for all sec	tions)						
Total No facilities	_	16	Facilities sto	cked	10	No facilitie	s inspected	16	
Species	SAL	LUM							
Age group	2023Q2	mixed							
No Fish	306,717	102,381							
Mean Fish Wt	1.89kg	N/A							
Next Fallow Date (S		July 2024		Next Input Da	- ` '	October 20			
Recent (last 4 wks)				Y	Any escapes	(since last	visit)?	N	
If yes, detail:	Tenacibacu	lum and Mori	tella						
Movement Records 1. Movement records available for inspection? 2. Date of last inspection: 3. Are records complete and correctly entered? 4. Are movement records available for dead fish and waste? 5. Are records complete and correctly entered? 6. Are health certificates for introductions (outwith GB) available? Transport Records 1. Are any movements carried out by (or on behalf) of the business (not using a STB)?									
If yes, is there a sys	tem in place	for maintena	nce of transpo	rtation records	?				
Mortality Records									
1. Mortality records								Y	
2. How are mortalitied of the contract of the			<u> </u>		Ensiled - on s	site			
3. Mortality records	Ensiled on s	site then trans	sterred to white	eshore Cockles	S			V	
4. Recent mortality		u conectly en		al information				· ·	
	• •	atypical morta		al information				Y	
5. Evidence of recent increased/atypical mortalities? If yes, facility nos/no mortality per facility/no stock per facility/reason:									
see additional information									
6. Any other peaks i		uring period a	hecked?					Y	
If yes, detail: see additional information									
7. Have increased (unexplained) mortalities been reported to vet or FHI?									
If yes, detail action: samples taken Florfenicol antibiotic prescribed and administered									
8. Have 'mortality events' been reported to FHI? If no, enter details on mortality events sheet.									

Treatments and Medicines Records								
1. Recent treatments (see comment)?		Y						
If yes, detail: Florfenicol and TMS								
If other, detail:								
2. Medicines records available for inspection?		Y						
3. Are records complete and correctly entered?		Y						
4. Are fish in a withdrawal period?		Y						
5. If yes, what treatment(s)? Florfenicol and TMS								
If other, detail:								
6. Are medicines stored appropriately?		Y						
	_							
Biosecurity Records								
1. Biosecurity records available for inspection?		Y						
2. Has the manner and frequency of mortality removal, recording and safe disposal bee	n considered?	Y						
3. Has the manner and period in which the APB will notify Scottish Ministers or veterinary professional of any								
increased (unexplained) mortality at the site been included?								
4. Has the action that will be taken in the event that the presence or suspicion of the presence of a listed disease								
is detected been included and how and when that will be notified to Scottish Ministers?		Y						
5. Has the health status of aquaculture animals being stocked on the farm site been cov	vered (equal or higher	Y						
health status, certification if required)?								
6. Have the husbandry and biosecurity measures implemented between each epidemio	logical unit to minimise	Y						
transmission of disease been covered (movement of staff, visitors, equipment, live or de	-							
7. Is documentation available regarding the measures in place to maintain the physical		Y						
aquaculture animals held on site?								
8. Have the biosecurity procedures been adequately implemented on site?	Г	Y						
If no, detail:								
Results of Surveillance								
1. Has any animal health surveillance been carried out by, or on behalf of, the business'	?	Y						
2. If yes, are results available for inspection?		Y						
3. Any significant results?		Y						
· ·	m, Moritella, AGD,							
Records checked between: 1/6/2022 to 26/3/2024								

FHI 059, Version 13					ls	sued by: FH	11		
Case no:	2024-009	96 Site	e No:	FS0646		Date of vis		26/03/2024	26/(
Priority samples:	VI		ВА	PA	м	Sampling:	нГ		
Time sampling	12:00	:00	13:00:00	Ins	pector:		V	MD No.	0
starts/ends:	_						_		
Environmental conditions:	1	ndoors	2	3		4	5		
Summary samples	HIST	Y	BA Y	MG	Y V	/1	PA	Total S	amples
Add Fish/Pools - click									
Pool/Fish No	F1 F	F2 F3	F4	F5					
Fish nos	1 2	2 3	4	5					
Pool Group	P1 F	P1 P1	P1	P1					

SAL

N/A

SW

Hellisay

SAL

N/A

SW

Hellisay

10

1.5KG

Hellisay

14

SAL

N/A

SW

1.5KG 3KG

Hellisay

14

SAL

3KG

N/A

SW

Hellisay

10

SAL

N/A

SW

10

1.5KG

2024-0096	
2024-0090	

Species

Sex

Details

Stock

Average weight

Water Type

Stock Origin Facility No

03/2024 Additional Sample Information:													
5 Total Tests assigned 5													

FHI 059, Version 13			lss	ued by:	FHI		Date of issue: 12/05/20				
Case no:	2024-0096		Site No: FS0646			Method of killing: Percussive			ive		
Date of visit:	26/03/20	24	Inspec	ctor(s):			Sheet Relevant: N			N	
S for strong presen	ice: M for medium presence: W for	or weak pres	ence								
Fish Number		1		2 3	4	5					
	er death (if > 45 minutes)										
External Signs	-										
Behaviour	Moribund	M	S	М	М	М					
	Lethargic	_									
	Hanging vertical										
	Spiralling	_									
	Flashing										
Pody	Loss of equilibrium Dark		S								
Body	Distended abdomen		0								
	Anorexic										
	Scale Oedema										
Opercula	Shortened										
	Flared										
Haemorrhaging	Throat										
	Ventrum										
	Base of fins	W	М	М	W	М					
	Elsewhere										
Eyes	Exophthalmic										
	Enophthalmic (sunken)										
	Cataract										
	Haemorrhagic										
Gills	Pale	_	S								
	Zoned	_				W					
	Necrotic		<u> </u>								
Lesions	Flank	_	S			S					
Vant	Elsewhere		w		W						
Vent	Inflamed		vv		vv						
Lice Load	Trailing faeces Estimate numbers	0	1	0	0	0 0					
Internal Signs											
Ascites	Clear										
	Bloody				W						
Oedema	In tissues										
Heart	Pale/anaemic										
	Granulomas										
	Deformed	Μ	М	S	Μ	Μ					
Liver	Petechial haem										
	Gross haem										
	Tissue breakdown										
	Enlarged	-		<u> </u>							
	Colour number(s)	6	5		5	5 5					
	Granulomas			W							
Pyloric caeca	Lesions Petechial haem										
r yione caeca	Tubules mauve		S		S						
	Lack of fat		5		Ŭ						
Spleen	Enlarged	S	W			s					
opicon	Granulomas	M				IS I					
Gut	No food present										
	Yellow pseudo-faeces										
	External haem										
	Internal haem										
Body wall	Haemorrhaging										
Swim bladder	Haemorrhaging	W	S		S	W					
	Fluid filled										
Kidney	Swollen										
	Grey	W	W	W	W	W					
	Granular	W	W	W	W	W					
	Liquefied										
General	Parasites present										
	Anaemia										

Issued by: FHI

Case no:	2024-0096

I

Date of visit:

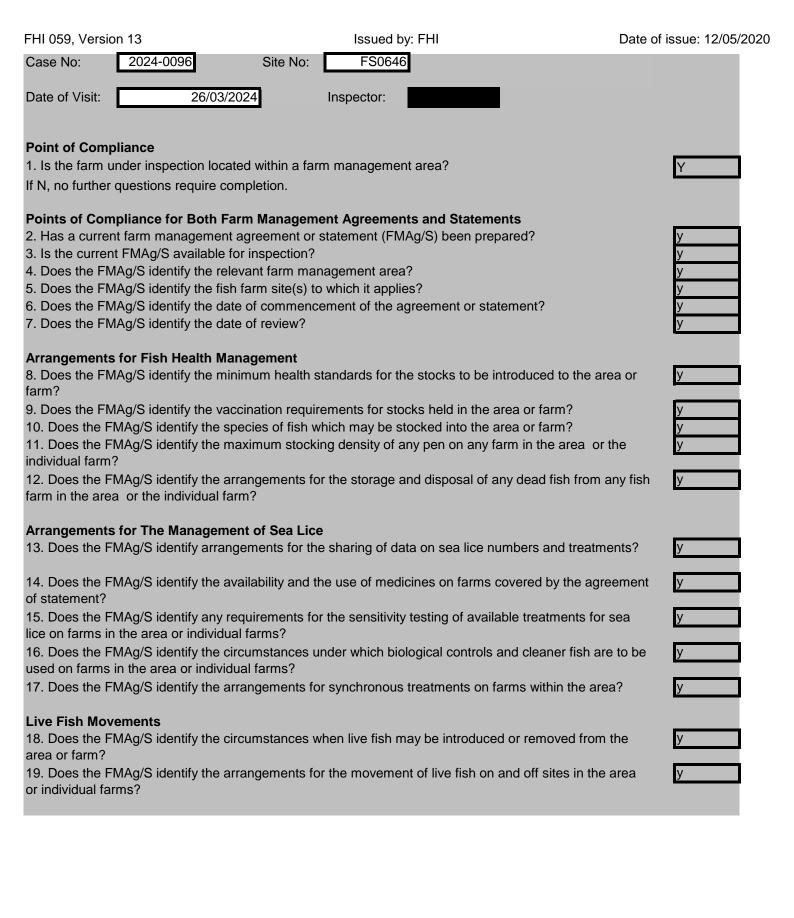
26/03/2024

 ${\boldsymbol{\mathsf{S}}}$ for strong presence: ${\boldsymbol{\mathsf{M}}}$ for medium presence: ${\boldsymbol{\mathsf{W}}}$ for ${\boldsymbol{\mathsf{w}}}$

	ce: M for medium presence: W for v	N	 -	-	_	-	_	
Fish Number								
	er death (if > 45 minutes)							
External Signs								
Behaviour	Moribund							
	Lethargic							
	Hanging vertical							
	Spiralling							
	Flashing							
	Loss of equilibrium							
Body	Dark							
body	Distended abdomen							
	Anorexic		 					
<u> </u>	Scale Oedema							
Opercula	Shortened							
	Flared							
Haemorrhaging	Throat							
	Ventrum							
	Base of fins							
	Elsewhere							
Eyes	Exophthalmic							
	Enophthalmic (sunken)							
	Cataract							
	Haemorrhagic							
Gills	Pale							
	Zoned							
	Necrotic							
Leciene						 		
Lesions	Flank							
	Elsewhere							
Vent	Inflamed		 					
	Trailing faeces							
Lice Load	Estimate numbers							
Internal Signs								
Ascites	Clear							
	Bloody							
Oedema	In tissues							
Heart	Pale/anaemic							
	Granulomas							
	Deformed							
Liver	Petechial haem							
	Gross haem		 			 		<u> </u>
	Tissue breakdown Enlarged							
	Colour number(s)							
	Granulomas							
	Lesions							
Pyloric caeca	Petechial haem							
	Tubules mauve							
	Lack of fat							
Spleen	Enlarged							
	Granulomas							
Gut	No food present							
	Yellow pseudo-faeces							
	External haem							
	Internal haem							
Body wall	Haemorrhaging							
Swim bladder	Haemorrhaging							
	Fluid filled							
Kidnov	Swollen		 	 				
Kidney								
	Grey		 					
	Granular							
	Liquefied							
General	Parasites present							
	Anaemia							

FHI 059, Version 13		Issued by: FHI			Date t	JI ISSUE	: 12/05/2020
Case Number:	2024-0096		Site No:	FS0646		Insp:	
Date of Visit	26/03/2024		No of m	ovements/s	upp./dest.		Score
Live fish movements			0	1-5	6-10	>10	
Movements on (from out	Frequency of m	novements on from equivalent MS	0	5	10	14	0
with GB) of susceptible species		novements on from equivalent zone or	0	9	18	26	0
	Number of sup	ocluding third country	0		10	14	0
Movements off	Frequency of m		0	3	6	10	10
inovements on	Number of dest		0		6	10	3
Exposure via water		Site contacts	0	1-5	6-10		
Water contacts with other farms (holding species	Farm is protect disinfection or l	ed (secure water supply through	0				
susceptible to same diseases)	Farm is on-line	or in a coastal zone with category I	1	2	4		1
		or in a coastal zone with category III	1	3	6		
		or in a coastal zone with category V n or within 1 tidal excursion	1	4	8		
Management practices			None	Secure	Unsecure		
Water contacts with processors	Any processing	plant discharging into adjacent waters	0	1	2		0
On farm processing within the rules of the directive	No on farm pro	cessing	0				0
	Processing own	n fish (re-cycling risk)	1				
	Processing fish	from MS of equivalent status	2				
	equivalent statu		4				
	Processing fish from Category III farm						
	Processing fish	from Category V farm	10				
Disposal of fish and fish by-	Site's own was	e only processed.	0				0
products	Common proce	esses with other farms	3				
	Collection point	t for waste from other farms	5				
Use of unpasteurised feeds	No feeding of u	npasteurised feed	0				0
	Feeding unpas	teurised feed	5				
Biosecurity		Number of sites	1	2 or 3	≥ 4		
Contacts with other sites	Sites operating	from single shorebase	0	1	2		0
	Sites sharing s	taff and equipment	0	1	2		
Disinfection of equipment	Yes		0	[0
between sites, use of footbaths etc	No		1				
CoGP/Regulator			1				
Practices in accordance	Yes		0				0
with regulator or industry code of practice	No		3				
Platform access to cages	Yes		0				0
	No		2				
					Total Rank		14 LOW

FHI 059, Version 13	Issued by: FHI	Da	te of issue: 12/05/2020
Case No: 2024-0096	Site	e No: FS0646	
Sea Lice Inspection (Seawater Sites Only) 1. Has the site experienced sea lice problem 2. Is the CoGP Farm Management Area (or e	s in the previous 4 years? equivalent) fallowed synchronously on a	• •	N Y
3. Does the site have access to a range of lid azamethiphos and emamectin benzoate) as and can these be deployed in a reasonable p	well as access to suitable biological and		ures,
4. Is there a signed documented farm management Area (or equivalent)?	gement agreement or statement relevant	to the site and CoGP Farm	Y
5. Are sea lice count records available for ins6. Do records adequately reflect the required		oGP? (Legal SSI, CoGP Anne	Y (Y) (Y)
7. Are sea lice (<i>L. salmonis</i>) record levels be records are inspected? (CoGP Annex 6)	elow the suggested criteria for treatment i	n the CoGP during the period	I that Y
8. Have average adult female sea lice (<i>L. sa.</i> 2 or above (from w/b 10/6/19) during the period	· ·	of 3 or above (prior to w/b 10	/6/19) or N
If yes, have these been reported to the Fish 9. Is <i>C. elongatus</i> infestation at a level which			5.3.50) N
 Have therapeutic treatments been admin suggested criteria for treatment or where <i>C</i>. Has any other action been taken (where 	elongatus is considered to have welfare		
11. Has any other action been taken (where12. Have therapeutic treatments or the action		e lice levels recorded?	Y
13. Are treatments, where conducted, carried14. Is there a harvesting strategy for the site, sea lice?		-	nt for Y
15. Is there a site specific written lice manag recognised scenarios during the escalation of		ng set actions to deal with	Y
16. Do the sea lice levels observed on stock	s reflect sea lice count data? If no please	detail reasons.	Y
Containment Inspection			
1. Has the site experienced equipment dama			N
2. Are measures in place to mitigate against seal pro nets, highly tensioned nets, top		lii below)	Y
If other, detail below:			
3. Have escape incidents or events been ex If Yes proceed with questions $4 - 9$. If No ski	· · ·	since the last FHI inspection?	N
4. Have these been reported to Scottish Mini			
5. Have these been reported to local DSFB f			
6. Have these been reported to the SSPO ar	id local fisheries trusts forthwith (where the second second second second second second second second second s	ney exist)? (CoGP – 4.4.37, 5	.4.17)
7. Were methods (if any) used to recover ese	capees? If yes give detail		
8. If gill nets were deployed was this action a Ministers? (Legal, CoGP – 4.4.38, 5.4.18)	greed with local wild fish interests and w	as permission given by Scotti	sh
9. What action was taken to prevent and min be considered under satisfactory measu		overed in code but could	
10. Is the site inspected as satisfactory with		ail reason(s)	Y



FHI 059, Version 13	Issued by: FHI	Date of issue: 12/05/2020
Harvesting 20. Does the FMAg/S identify acceptable	e harvest practices on farms in the area or individ	dual farms? y
date when a farm or area may be restoc	by which the area or individual farm will be fallow ked? ne or more year classes may be stocked onto sit	
•	roodstock or potential broodstock are to be kept	on any site y
Point of Compliance for Farm Manage 24. Does the farm management agreem parties to the agreement?	ement Agreements Only ent include arrangements for persons to become	e, or cease to be, N/A
Management and operation 25. Is the fish farm being managed and 26. What is the version no/date of issue	operated in accordance with the agreement or st of the FMAg/S? 10/01/2023	tatement? Y

Case No:	2024-0096	Date of visit: 26/03/2024
Site No:	FS0646	Inspector:

Results Summary	Freq.		Date of Notification							
		Database	Insp	Phone	Insp	Writing	Insp	2 nd Insp		
GD (Neoparamoeba	0/5	03/04/2024	-	03/04/2024	4					
perurans) (PCR) -										
AGDQ						24/04/202	4			
HN (PCR) - IHNP	0/5	03/04/2024		03/04/2024	4	24/04/202	4			
SA (real time qPCR -	1/5	02/04/2024		02/04/2024	4					
neart & kidney) - ISAQ										
						24/04/202	4			
Paranucleospora	4/5	03/04/2024		03/04/2024	4					
heridion (PCR) - PNST										
						24/04/202	4			
Salmon gill poxvirus	5/5	03/04/2024		03/04/2024	4					
(PCR) - SPVP						24/04/202	4			
/HS (PCR) - VHSP	0/5	03/04/2024		03/04/2024	4	24/04/202	4			
PN (PCR) - IPNM	5/5	03/04/2024		03/04/2024	4	24/04/202	4			
Salmonid alphavirus	0/5	03/04/2024		03/04/2024	4					
(SAV) (PCR) - SALP						24/04/202	4			
Piscine myocarditis	0/5	03/04/2024		03/04/2024	4					
virus (CMS) (PCR) -										
PMVP						24/04/202	4			
Gill pathology - GPAT	4/4	15/04/2024		15/04/2024	4	24/04/202	4			
Heart pathology -	5/5	15/04/2024		17/04/2024	4					
HPAT						24/04/202	4			
Liver pathology - LPAT	3/5	15/04/2024		17/04/2024	4					
						24/04/202	4			
Kidney pathology -	4/4	15/04/2024		17/04/2024	4					
KPAT						24/04/202	4			
Spleen pathology -	5/5	15/04/2024		17/04/2024	4					
SPAT						24/04/202	4			
SA sequencing result	1/1	04/04/2024		17/04/2024	4					
HPR0						24/04/202	4			
PN sequencing result,	2/2	15/04/2024		17/04/2024	4					
PNV A2 virulence										
notif ITPAD						24/04/202	4			
· · · /	5/5	16/04/2024		17/04/2024	4					
YRUK						24/04/202	4			
Aliivibrio wodanis -	2/5	16/04/2024		17/04/2024	4					
ALIW						24/04/202	4			
Vibrio species (culture)	2/5	16/04/2024		17/04/2024	4					
/SPE						24/04/202				
Adhesions - ADHE	2/5	17/4/424		17/04/2024	4	24/04/202	4			

Report Summary			
Case Type	Date	Insp	2 nd Insp
ECI,CNI,SLI,REP	03/04/2024		
DIA	24/04/2024		

FISH HEALTH INSPECTORATE VISIT REPORT

SUMMARY FOR INFORMATION OF SITE OPERATOR

 BUSINESS NO
 FB0119

 SITE NO
 FS0646

 CASE NO
 20240096

DATE OF VISIT26/03/2024SITE NAMESoayINSPECTORInspector

Section 1: Summary

The above site was inspected following reports of increased mortalities. On inspection of the stock, a number of moribund fish were observed in each pen, five were removed for further examination and subsequent diagnostic sampling.

Histopathological examination revealed mild proliferative branchitis and two fish displayed ulcerative skin. Two fish displayed a bacterial infection. Mild to moderate, multifocal myocarditis which could be related with common salmon cardiac disease or bacterial infection was also observed. Hepatocellular necrosis was also observed.

Samples were screened for infectious salmon anaemia virus (ISAV) by QPCR as part of the surveillance program for the control of listed diseases. The samples tested positive for infectious salmon anaemia virus (ISAV) by QPCR (Cp levels 35-36) and the sequence data confirmed the presence of ISAV HPR0, the non-pathogenic form of the virus. In relation to the ISAV HPR0 result obtained, along with the observations made on site, no further statutory action is required to be taken in this case, ISAV HPR0 not being a disease listed in The Aquatic Animal Health (Scotland) Regulations 2009.

Gill samples tested by qPCR were positive for the gill related pathogens: *Paranucleospora theridion* and salmon gill poxvirus (SGPV). Samples of heart and kidney tested by qPCR were positive for infectious pancreatic necrosis virus (IPNV).

Yersinia ruckeri was identified, as a primary fish pathogen and would be implicated in morbidity. *Aliivibrio wodanis* was identified from lesion material, the level of growth would suggest it may be implicated as the primary cause of the lesion but not in overall morbidity. *Vibrio* sp. was identified but would not be implicated in morbidity.

Please contact myself or the duty inspector should you require any further information, have any queries regarding this report or if any problems develop.

Section 2: Case Detail

Observations

The site was inspected following report of elevated mortality occurring on site, in the four weeks prior to the inspection, 44,735 salmon mortalities were recorded, mainly attributed to *Moritella viscosa*. On inspection of the stock, a number of moribund salmon were observed in each pen, five were removed for further examination and subsequent diagnostic sampling.

All fish sampled were moribund with haemorrhaging on the base of the fins, the body of F2 was dark in appearance and also had pale gills, the gills of F5 were slightly zoned in appearance. Lesions were evident on the flank of F2 and F5 and the vents of F2 and F4 were inflamed.

R09

Internally, F4 had bloody ascites, the hearts of all fish were deformed and granulomas were observed on the liver of F3. The pyloric caeca of F2 and 4 were mauve in appearance. Splenomegaly was evident in F1, F2 and F5 with granulomas also present on F1. Haemorrhaging was present on the swim bladders of F1, F2, F4 and F5 and the kidney of all fish were grey and granular.

Samples

Samples were collected from F1-F5 fish according to the table below:

Fish number	Facility number	Species	Stage	Origin
F1-F3	10	Atlantic salmon	1.8 kg 2023 Q2	Hellisay
F4 and F5	14	Atlantic salmon	1.8 kg 2023 Q2	Hellisay

<u>Results</u>

Bacteriology: Kidney material from F1-F5 and lesion material from F2 and F5 were inoculated onto appropriate media for the isolation of bacteria.

The following bacteria were isolated :

• Yersinia ruckeri (kidney F1-F5)

From the tests conducted, we do not have evidence of resistance to amoxycillin, oxytetracycline, sulphamethoxazole/trimethoprim or florfenicol.

- *Aliivibrio wodanis* (lesion F2 and F5)
- *Vibrio* sp. (kidney F3 and F5)

Virology: Tissue samples were tested for segments of nucleic acid indicative of the presence of the pathogens specified below using real-time PCR (qPCR).

Infectious salmon anaemia viru	is (ISAV)
--------------------------------	-----------

Fish Number	Endogenous control Cp value	Cp Values		Reported Result (PCR)	
F1	-	-	-	-	Negative
F2	-	-	-	-	Negative
F3	-	-	-	-	Negative
F4	-	-	-	-	Negative
F5	15.15	35.58	35.19	35.68	POSITIVE

Sequencing analysis confirmed ISAV, HPR0 (non-deleted type).

Salmon gill poxvirus (SGPV)

Fish Number	Endogenous control Cp value	Cp Values			Reported Result (PCR)
F1	21.94	26.04	26.08	26.04	POSITIVE

R09

F2	25.58	35.49	35.16	35.53	POSITIVE
F3	20.96	28.17	28.05	28.03	POSITIVE
F4	21.93	29.71	29.82	29.86	POSITIVE
F5	21.83	27.59	27.37	27.40	POSITIVE

Infectious pancreatic necrosis virus (IPNV)

Fish Number	Endogenous control Cp value	Cp Values			Reported Result (PCR)
F1	15.37	30.74	30.70	30.89	POSITIVE
F2	15.01	33.87	33.71	34.00	POSITIVE
F3	14.67	18.27	18.24	18.07	POSITIVE
F4	15.70	32.37	32.34	32.41	POSITIVE
F5	14.80	17.14	16.93	17.15	POSITIVE

Sequencing analysis of samples from F3 and F5 showed consistency with IPNV A2, virulence motif PTA indicating a persistent virulence, typically high morbidity (≤90%) and in general little to no mortality (less than 10%)

The samples tested negative for infectious haematopoietic necrosis virus (IHNV), salmonid alphavirus (SAV), viral haemorrhagic septicemia virus (VHSV) and piscine myocarditis virus (PMCV).

Parasitology: Tissue samples were tested for segments of nucleic acid indicative of the presence of the parasites specified below using real-time PCR (qPCR).

Fish Number	Endogenous control Cp value	Cp Values			Reported Result (PCR)
F1	-	-	-	-	Negative
F2	25.58	36.91	36.98	36.53	POSITIVE
F3	20.96	28.99	28.89	28.87	POSITIVE
F4	21.93	30.13	30.16	30.53	POSITIVE
F5	21.83	34.24	34.03	35.00	POSITIVE

Paranucleospora theridion

The samples tested negative for Neoparamoeba perurans (AGD).

Histology: Tissue samples of gill, skin and skeletal muscle, heart, pyloric caeca, pancreas, hind gut, liver, spleen and kidney were taken from F1-5. The tissue samples were fixed in 10% neutral buffered formalin.

Histopathological examination revealed the following:

Gill: Lamellar hyperplasia and fusion, mild, multifocal with inflammatory cell infiltrate and foci of cellular necrosis and haemorrhage (F2, F5). F1 and F3 displayed very mild lamellar epithelial hyperplasia. F2 displayed one structure resembling plankton among gill filaments.

Skin & Muscle: Lesion: Absence of the epidermis and mixed Gram-negative bacteria at the dermal outer layer and within dermis, haemorrhagic myositis with mild inflammatory influx (F3, F4).

R09

Heart: Ranging from mild to moderate, multifocal myocarditis (F1, F3, F4) and F4 displayed few rod-shaped Gram-negative bacilli. Mild epicarditis (F1-F5) and F4 displayed few rod-shaped Gram-negative bacilli. F3 also displayed some nest of basophilic nuclei.

Gut and pyloric caeca: Peritonitis, mild (F2, F5).

Pancreas: Within the normal range.

Liver: Hepatocellular necrosis, mild, multifocal (F4, F5). Mild cuffing (F1, F4).

Kidney: Interstitial necrosis, mild, multifocal (F1, F3, F4 & F5). F3 and F4 also displayed few rod-shaped Gram-negative bacilli associated with some inflammation.

Spleen: Necrosis, mild (F2, F4). Capsulitis (F1). Slightly congested F3. F3 and F4 also displayed few rod-shaped bacilli associated with some inflammation. F5 displayed cuffing, mild.

Please contact myself or the duty inspector should you require any further information or have any queries regarding this report.

Signed: Fish Health Inspector

Date: 24/04/2024

The Fish Health Inspectorate Service Charter detailing standards of service is available on the Scottish Government website at Fish Health Inspectorate Service Charter - gov.scot (www.gov.scot)

FISH HEALTH INSPECTORATE VISIT REPORT

SUMMARY FOR INFORMATION OF SITE OPERATOR

 BUSINESS NO
 FB0119

 SITE NO
 FS0646

 CASE NO
 20240096

6

DATE OF VISIT26/03/2024SITE NAMESoayINSPECTORInspector

Inspection under the Aquatic Animal Health (Scotland) Regulations 2009

The above site was inspected following reports of increased mortalities.

All epidemiological units were inspected. Samples were taken for diagnostic purposes. A separate report will be issued detailing the results of these tests.

Records

The surveillance frequency category of the site was assessed as low. An inspection under the Aquatic Animal Health (Scotland) Regulations 2009 will be conducted every third year. The category of the site will be reassessed on a routine basis and updated as required.

The information required for the public record of aquaculture production businesses regarding this site was verified and where necessary updated. The following records were also inspected to ensure that the conditions of authorisation for your Aquaculture Production Business (APB) are being met:

Aquaculture animal and aquaculture animal product movement records were inspected and found to be inadequately maintained.

Mortality records were inspected and found to be adequately maintained.

Mortality levels had exceeded the reporting criteria since the last inspection and had been reported to the Fish Health Inspectorate as required.

Reports detailing the results of animal health surveillance carried out by or on behalf of the business and/or Marine Directorate were available for inspection.

The biosecurity measures plan for the site was inspected and found to be adequately maintained and implemented.

The following points were raised with the site representative during the inspection:

• In the movement records the development stage section was recorded incorrectly, amendments were made at the time so no further action is required.

Inspection under the Animals and Animal Products (Examination for Residues and Maximum Residue Limits) (England and Scotland) Regulations 2015

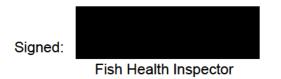
Medicine records were inspected and found to be adequately maintained.

Inspection under the Aquaculture and Fisheries (Scotland) Act 2007

The site was also inspected in accordance with the Aquaculture and Fisheries (Scotland) Act 2007, as amended, with respect to section 3 regarding parasites (sea lice), section 4A regarding fish farm management agreements and statements and section 5 regarding containment and escapes.

On this occasion the site was found to be satisfactory with regards to parasites, fish farm management agreements and statements and containment and escapes.

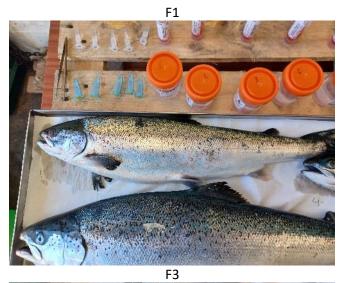
Please contact myself or the duty inspector should you require any further information or have any queries regarding this report.



Date: 03/04/2024

The Fish Health Inspectorate Service Charter detailing standards of service is available on the Scottish Government website at Fish Health Inspectorate Service Charter - gov.scot (www.gov.scot)









F4





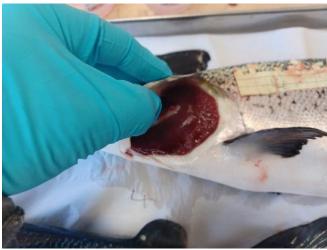
F1



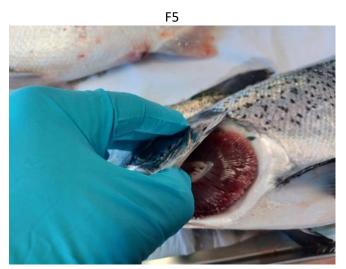


F3





F1





F4

F2



